

# A "BLACK HAND" CRIME. ALL RUSSIA REJOICES.

## YOUNG MAN VICTIM OF AN ASSASSIN. FAST HIS HEART MELTED BY BIRTH OF SON.

### Death Came Because

He Had Disclosed Secrets of Infamous Organization to Police.

### Cabalistic Sign of Sicilians,

Threatening Death Was Posted on Door of His Father's Home Sunday. Officers Injured by Enraged Italians While Protecting Prisoner From Lynching Bee.

New York, Aug. 24.—Salvatore Bossoto, eighteen years old, was shot to death in his father's restaurant in Park street by Carlo Rossati, 35 years old, today, because he had disclosed to the police, secrets of the alleged "Black Hand."

The father was knocked down and choked into insensibility by the slayer, who then ran down the street followed by a great mob. Italians to the number of 1,000 later attacked the Elizabeth street police station, hurled missiles at the police and prisoner, hurting two detectives and one policeman. They would have torn the murderer limb from limb had it not been for the arrival of reserve police from two station houses who were forced to use clubs and fists and threaten to shoot.

According to the police, the murder was deliberately planned by an organized gang, and this gang is alleged to have sent to Toronto for Rossati, who arrived here last night. After his arrival he was seen about Mulberry Bend with Italians and because of his immense stature attracted attention.

Bossoto is an enemy of these organized bands and his son inherited the father's opposition to the lawless element of their countrymen. When not studying music young Bossoto helps about the restaurant. Several weeks ago he learned that the murderous gang about Mulberry Bend had planned to rob a number of miners who were coming through New York and who had engaged board in the lodging house over the Bossoto restaurant. Young Bossoto went to the police and asked protection for the men, and soon an Italian detective had arrested twelve suspicious characters who were held until the miners had taken a ship for their homes. Once out of jail it is said the gang determined upon Bossoto's death. Early today Rossati entered the restaurant and was approached by the elder Bossoto said he wanted nothing. As Bossoto was about to close the place, he asked Rossati to leave. The latter became insolent and refused. Young Bossoto, who was in the kitchen, heard his father and the man in an argument. He came in and up to this time the man had made no demonstration of violence, but the instant he saw young Bossoto, Rossati took a pistol from his pocket, leveled it at the youth and fired. The bullet struck the boy between the eyes, and he fell, dying instantly. Rossati then, according to the police, struck the elder Bossoto with his fist, knocking him down and started to run, but was captured before he had gone two blocks.

On Sunday the Bossotos found on their door the "Bridge of Death," a cabalistic sign of the Sicilians which is said to be a threat of death. The elder Bossoto looked upon this as a joke at the time. At the police station Rossati said little beyond declaring he shot in self defense.

### COMPLYING WITH REQUEST OF TAFT

Regular Army Official Makes Preliminary Report on Killing of Corporal Clark, Implicating Militia in Attack on Provost Guard.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Complying with the request of Secretary Taft for a speedy report on the facts connected with the clash between the regulars and militia at Athens, last week, resulting in the killing of a militiaman while on provost guard duty, Col. McClelland, chief of staff to Gen. Bates, commanding the northern division has made a brief report by wire under date of St. Louis, August 23rd, including a report on the subject from General Grant. As the superior officer to General Grant, commanding the department of the lakes, the division commander through his chief of staff was required to make the report to the department. The text of the telegraphic report is as follows: Following dated today received from General Grant:

Athens, O., Aug. 22, 1904. Adjutant General, Department of the Lakes, Chicago, Ill.: "Party of regular and militia at

### GOOD NEWS FOR MEN.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 24.—Clairton Furnace No. 2, of the United States Steel Company, has been ordered to blast on Thursday, and notices to resume in mills No. 8 and 9 have been posted at the plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, at McKeesport. The resumption will give employment to over 1,200 men.

### TWO MILLS TO START.

Canonsburg, Pa., Aug. 24.—The Standard Tin Plate Company, employing 3,000 men, resumed operations in full today.

### GLUE FACTORY FIRE.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Fire in the glue factory of Armour & Co., at Benson and Thirty-second street, just north of the stock yards, caused a fire estimated at \$100,000 today. The blaze originated in a small building containing the glue vats and spread to the main structure. The cause of the fire is not known.

### Long Delayed

While Tramp Was Being Rescued

From River Into Which Engine Knocked Him While Crossing Trestle.

Thrilling Climax Came When Man Who First Volunteered to Save Tie Tourist, Was Arrested for Burglary.

New York, Aug. 24.—A fast passenger train outward bound from Jersey City on its way to St. Louis has been held up more than an hour on the trestle over New York Bay while a man who was walking on the track and fallen into the water, was being rescued. He was a tramp, and the rescuer, an alleged burglar,

the end of the bridge for an oyster boat. The engine was uncoupled and dashed away. With the reporter and an oyster man at the oars, a dory was soon on the scene and, after nearly an hour's work, the swimmers were rescued and in good condition except the original cause of the trouble. He was hurried to a hospital where he will soon recover. The first volunteer was arrested when he got off the train at Elizabeth, an alarm having been telephoned several hours previous from the scene charging a man answering his description with having committed burglary.

### SATOLLI AT NAPLES.

Naples, Italy, Aug. 24.—Cardinal Satolli and his suite arrived here today on the steamer Sardegna from New York. The cardinal celebrated mass on board the ship during the voyage. All the passengers, including non-Catholics, attended. Cardinal Princes, Archbishop of Naples, and several other distinguished clergymen and laymen received the party here.



COSSACKS ENCOUNTERING DIFFICULTIES.

### TEAM SHOTS ENDED TODAY.

New York National Guard Team Has Taken Lead From Army Infantry.

Fort Reilly, Kas., Aug. 24.—Team shooting at the national range ended today, after a spirited contest. Conditions again were favorable. Yesterdays shooting witnessed several changes in the standing of the teams over the first day's work, the army infantry team dropping to third place and the New York national guard team taking the lead. New Jersey was in second place, and the marines, by steady, consistent shooting, held fourth place with chances of a much better showing today. Major General John C. Bates was present all day.

Today's shooting of two skirmitz runs by each team. New York's lead of seventy over New Jersey almost assured it of the national trophy, and the cash prize of \$500.

### DISMISSED HOUSEKEEPER.

Male Manager of Women's Hotel Brought Trouble Enough on Himself Thereby.

New York, Aug. 24.—A new manager of the hotel opened here some time ago for the exclusive entertainment of women has caused a strike by dismissing the housekeeper. The new manager is a man and the assertion of his power was quickly resented by nineteen of the twenty-four chamber maids, ten scrub women and cleaners, six waitresses, two stewards and three cellarmen. They walked out in a body, leaving the beds unmade and rooms unparalyzed. For a time the service was undisturbed but a telephone girl and the stenographer took hold and in a few hours had things running with the aid of servants procured from employment agencies.

### SULLIVAN GOT DECISION.

Los Angeles, Aug. 24.—Twin Sullivan, of Boston, was given the decision over Dave Barry, after twenty rounds of bare-knuckle fighting here last night.

### Czar Gives Favors.

Abolition of Corporal Punishment Among the Rural Classes

Announced in His Manifesto.

Fifteen Million Dollars Set Aside From State Funds for the Aid of Landless People in Finland. Untold and Unknown Kindness Shown to His People.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—The czar today issued a lengthy manifesto on the occasion of the christening of the heir to the throne. It is introduced by the following message to the people: "By the will of God, we, the Czar and autocrat of all the Russians, Czar of Poland, Grand Duke of Finland, etc., announce to our faithful subjects that on this, the day of the christening of our son and heir, the Grand Duke Alexis Nicholaevitch, following the promptings of our heart, we turn to our great family of the empire and, with the deepest and most heartfelt pleasure, even amidst these times of national struggle and difficulty, bestow on them some gifts of our royal favor for their greater enjoyment in their daily lives."

The various benefits bestowed on many classes are then enumerated at length. One of the most important provisions relates to the entire abolition of the corporal punishment among the rural classes and its curtailment in the army and navy.

The manifesto remits land purchase arrears, which affects one of the largest classes of the population throughout the empire, and its benefits are also extended to estates in Poland.

The general provisions of the manifesto include an all around reduction in sentences for common law offenses, a general amnesty for political offenses, the education of officers and soldiers, who have been victims of the war, as well as assistance for such families as need it whose bread winners have fallen in the service of their country.

The sum of \$15,000,000 is set aside from the state fund for the benefit of landless people in Finland. All fines imposed on villages, towns or communities of Finland for failure to elect representatives to serve on the military recruiting boards during the years 1902 and 1903 are remitted.

Permission is granted to Finns who have left their country without the sanction of the authorities to return within a year. Those returning who are liable to military service must immediately present themselves for service, but Finns who have evaded military service will not be punished provided they present themselves in three months.

Fines imposed upon the Jews in cases of Jews avoiding military service are remitted.

Persons arrested for offences punishable by fines, imprisonment or confinement in a fortress without loss of civil rights and who were still awaiting sentence at the time of the birth of the heir to the throne are pardoned.

Political prisoners who have distinguished themselves by justice obtained the restitution of their civil rights at the expiration of their sentences.

Persons guilty of political offenses committed within the last fifteen

years who have remained unidentified will no longer be subject to prosecution, while political offenders who are now fugitives abroad may apply to the minister of the interior for permission to return to Russia. The manifesto concludes: "Given at Peterhof on this the 11th day of August, 1904. (Signed) NICHOLAS.

### GREAT

Pomp Characterized the Christening of the New Heir.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—The christening of the heir to the Russian throne took place this morning at the church of the Peterhof palace with great ceremony. A great procession of gilded coaches accompanied the infant prince from the Alexandra Villa to the church. After the metropolitan of St. Petersburg had administered the sacrament to the heir, the emperor invested the latter with the insignia of the order of St. Andrew. Immediately thereafter the ringing of church bells and the firing of a salute of 101 guns announced the completion of the ceremony. Both Peterhof and St. Petersburg were lavishly decorated. There will be illuminations tonight.

### ABOLITION

Of Corporal Punishment Considered Most Important Concession.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—The newspapers are unanimous in welcoming the abolition of corporal punishment as the most important concession embodied in the manifesto. The Russians say:

"It will be hailed as the disappearance of a great evil. No longer will it be possible to stigmatize Russia as the land of the knout."

The Novoe Vremya says the abolition of corporal punishment in the army and navy was only a right and proper recognition of the heroism displayed by the men in the far east."

### Imperial Acts of Grace.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—An imperial autograph letter was also published today, making a number of promotions and conferring decorations on the occasion of the christening of the heir, including the bestowal on M. Witt, president of the council of ministers, the order of the White Eagle; on Foreign Minister Lamsdorff, the St. Alexander Nevsky order in brilliants, and on Minister of Justice Muraviev and Myeroff, the minister of agriculture, the St. Alexander Nevsky.

An imperial order of the day directs that the Finnish military district be abolished as a distinctive district and that it be merged into the St. Petersburg district.

Imperial acts of grace to the army and navy, similar to those enumerated in the manifesto, are also announced.

### RUNNING DUEL ENDS IN DEATH.

Ironton, O., Aug. 24.—Marshall Woolum, of Hanging Rock shot and killed Talley Williams, of Grays Branch, Greenup county, Ky., today. Hamilton Hurst, companion of Williams, says he and Williams and other were returning from Ironton. Williams was boisterous as he passed Woolum's house, and said he could not be arrested. Woolum tried to arrest the whole party. Williams ran away. Woolum shot twice, both shots taking effect and Williams fell dead, after running eighty yards. Woolum is under arrest.

## JAP

## Prize Courts of the Present Day.

## Various Cases

## Adjudicated Since the War Began.

## Refined Application of International Law Made by Experts

## Who Were Chosen to Preside Over the Tribunals at Yokosuka and Saseho—Some of the Vessels Caught.

Necessarily one of the earliest measures taken by the Japanese government after the outbreak of hostilities with Russia was to organize prize courts (shokaku shinkensho), says a Tokyo letter to the London Times. This was done in accordance with the provisions of the Japanese law, which in all such matters conforms strictly to modern international usages. The tribunals officiated at two naval ports, Yokosuka and Saseho, and were presided over by carefully chosen experts. Diplomatic relations with Russia having been broken off on Feb. 5, it was publicly proclaimed on the 9th of the same month that a term of grace for Russian merchant vessels would be granted up to the 16th. In other words, Russian merchantmen loading or unloading in Japanese ports at the time of the issue of the proclamation would be suffered to remain until the 16th, after which they could perform the homeward voyage safely under certificate from the Japanese authorities; and Russian merchantmen leaving foreign ports en route for Japan on or before the 16th would be immune until their arrival in Japan, and thereafter during the unloading or loading of their cargo, as well as during their homeward voyage. Of course, Russian ships found on the high seas after the outbreak of hostilities and not falling under any of the above categories would be liable to capture.

The courts were soon called on to adjudicate in various cases, which illustrates the working of international law as applied by Japanese jurists. Strange to say, two vessels failed to take advantage of the indulgence granted by the proclamation mentioned above. Both small sailing ships, the property of Russian subjects, they were lying at anchor in Hakodate when hostilities broke out. One had been there since Nov. 28, 1903, the other since October 19 of the same year, and they were seized on Feb. 17, having shown no inclination to avail themselves of the period of indulgence, which ended on the 16th. Another small ship which, at the beginning of the war, happened to be in Yokohama harbor—having entered on Dec. 25, 1903—was seized on Feb. 10, six days before the expiration of the period of indulgence. She, however, was not privately owned. It was proved that she had been habitually employed by the Russian authorities to discharge preventive duties in the sea adjacent to Kamchatka, and as state property she could not claim the indulgence granted by the proclamation.

In the case of two steamers, the Mukden and the Argon, both belonging to the Chinese Eastern Railway Company, the courts had indirectly to apply the principle which forbids a negligent to confiscate personal property of an enemy existing within his jurisdiction, directly the principle that the private property of neutrals should be immune even when found in an enemy's ships. The Mukden was captured at a distance of some miles from Pusan, in Korea, on Feb. 6. Among her cargo were found goods—bed and bedding—consigned by a British firm in Nagasaki to the agent of the Chinese Eastern Railway in Gen San, Korea, a Russian subject, and also goods sent by a Shanghai druggist to the Acting Commissioner of Customs at Song Jin, Korea. The Argon, captured on Feb. 7th on the southwest of Korea, had among her cargo forty packages consigned by the agents of the Chinese Eastern Railway Company in Dalny to the agents of the same company in Nagasaki. All these articles were released and handed to their consignees.

**Fate of a Norwegian Vessel.**  
The case of the steamship *Hormes* illustrated a more refined application of international law. A Norwegian vessel, owned by a Norwegian subject, and flying the Norwegian flag, she was chartered by the Japanese agents of a well-known Russian firm—having close relations with the Russian government—to carry coal from Miji to Port Arthur. At 10 a. m. on Feb. 10 she left the former place with a cargo of 21,000 tons of the mineral, together with various other goods, and at 2

p. m. on the 9th of the month she was captured by a Japanese man-of-war off Port Arthur. There could be no question that she was engaged in the business of conveying contraband of war to the stronghold of the enemy, and therefore the legality of her seizure was indisputable. But on behalf of her owners counsel appeared before the prize court, and argued that at the time of the steamer's departure from Miji neither the Japanese agents nor her Norwegian master was aware of the outbreak of hostilities, and that the knowledge had been acquired for the first time by the capture of the vessel. The court admitted the justice of this plea. After due examination the judges convinced them that in truth no knowledge had been possessed, and in declared obedience to the doctrine that "the duties of a neutral do not acquire binding force until he is aware of the existence of a state of war," they released the steamer and all her cargo.

Considerable interest attached also to the steamship *Manchuria*, the property of the Chinese Eastern Railway Company. At the outbreak of hostilities she had just emerged from the Nagasaki dock and was lying in harbor there, her preparations for putting to sea not being complete. On Feb. 17, that is to say, the day after the expiration of the period of indulgence, she was seized by the man-of-war *Wat-sura*. Her owners, through their Japanese counsel, formulated two protests against confiscation—first, that at the time of seizure the steamer was in the actual possession of a Japanese subject, not having yet been taken over from the dock company; and, secondly, that the limit of time fixed by the proclamation of indulgence applied only to vessels fit for navigating the high seas, and could not be properly considered operative in the case of a ship undergoing repairs. But the court overruled both these objections. It held that the nationality of a ship and her liability to confiscation are not affected by the accident of her immediate possession, and as to the question of the proclamation of indulgence, the judgment was that, since the proclamation constituted an exception to the general law of liability to seizure, the former's terms must be rightly construed, and nothing that was not explicitly mentioned might be read into them. The public acquiesced in the rustic of this ruling, though some sympathy had been felt originally with the steamer's owners. It is interesting to note that she has just sailed from Yokosuka, carrying a number of foreign naval attaches, members of the Diet, and newspaper correspondents, who, as guests of the Japanese government, are to make the tour of such parts of the battlefield as are easily accessible from the sea coast.

The case of the steamship *Russia* disclosed an undoubted hardship. At the request of the ship's agents in Vladivostok, a British firm in Kobe had advanced money to provide essentials for her use and to pay part of her current expenses. The total due to the firm was some £1,500, and their legal representative urged that this debt should either be recognized as a prior claim against the vessel or taken over as a liability by the state treasury. He implored his case by attempting to prove that the seizure of the ship at 7 a. m. on Feb. 7 had preceded the rupture of diplomatic relations, since no hour on the 6th having been officially indicated for the rupture. It must be supposed to have taken place at midnight, which would correspond to 8 a. m. by English or Korean time, and the ship had been captured in Korean waters. The court, it need scarcely be said, treated this argument with scant ceremony. But the judges' view as to the monetary issue was different. They virtually admitted the justice of the creditor's position, but avowed their inability to recognize it practically—first, because the codes of Japan contain no provision with regard to prior claims against state prizes; and, secondly, because, according to international law, a captor's title to property captured from an enemy is absolute, and admits of no dispute by third parties. At the same time the court significantly added that it was not competent to decide as to the liability of the Imperial Treasury.

One other case deserves notice. It is that of the Chinese Eastern Railway Company's steamship *Argon*, whose cargo has already been alluded to. She left Dalny, carrying mails, cargo and passengers, on Feb. 6 and when enroute for Nagasaki was captured at a point southwest of Korea, on the 7th at 4:30 p. m. The company, through their counsel, protested against this seizure. Five points were raised—first, that since a state of war should be held to date from the commencement of actual hostilities, the capture of the vessel had preceded a state of war; secondly, that the steamer, being a merchant ship, was entitled to the indulgence provided by the Imperial proclamation; thirdly, that since she carried mail, her immunity against capture would be in accord with the views of international jurists; fourthly, that her seizure having taken place in Korean waters, it became necessary to con-

sider whether or not Korea was neutral; and, fifthly, that since the public at large could not know of the existence of a state of war until informed by the issue of a proclamation, a state of war had not commenced for practical purposes when the vessel was seized. The court's manner of dealing with these arguments may be quoted in full:

"It is an indisputable fact that Russia needlessly prolonged the negotiations with this country; that she sent troops to Manchuria and Korea; that she assembled ships of war in Port Arthur; that she unceasingly showed warlike activities, and that she exhibited a determination to fight with this empire. Therefore we gave notice of the rupture of diplomatic relations, and having simultaneously completed preparations for war, our naval squadrons left Saseho for the purpose of striking at the enemy's fleet. Hence, at the time when the *Argon* was captured, a state of war already existed. As to the indulgence proclamation, it was issued on February 9, and it cannot be retrospectively applicable, especially in the case of a vessel owned by the Chinese Eastern Railway Company, which is bound by its charter to place its services at the disposal of the government and the military in time of war. To release such a vessel would manifestly be to augment the enemy's fighting power, and it is not conceivable that the indulgence proclamation could have been intended to serve that purpose. Finally, it is quite obvious that in this crisis Korea cannot be called a neutral state, nor can her territorial waters confer any immunity from capture. The *Argon*, therefore, was lawfully seized, and is now declared a legitimate prize of war together with everything on board."

**Proceedings in Japanese.**  
The proceedings of the prize courts, having been conducted in the Japanese language, remained a sealed book to the great majority of foreigners. Advertisements in English were published for thirty days, setting forth in full the name of each ship, time and place of her capture, as well as the articles found on board, and inviting protests against confiscation. But beyond vague rumor it is probable that few people know anything of the pleas actually advanced and the judgments delivered in the prize courts.

It may be interesting to add a list of the principal steamers captured:

| Name of Owners.                            | Tonnage. |
|--------------------------------------------|----------|
| Mukden, East Asiatic Steamship Company     | 6,000    |
| Elateronostay, Russian Volunteer Fleet     | 10,500   |
| Russia, Chinese Eastern Railway Company    | 5,000    |
| Manchuria, Chinese Eastern Railway Company | 2,381    |
| Manchuria, East Asiatic Steamship Company  | 6,000    |
| Sika, Chinese Eastern Railway Company      | 2,452    |
| Argon, Chinese Eastern Railway Company     | 4,000    |

SHOWING THE WAY.  
This Public Statement of a Lima Citizen Will Be Appreciated.

Many a reader of this in Lima has gone through the selfsame experience in part, and will be glad to be shown the way to get rid of the constant aches and pains of a bad back. Profit by a Lima citizen's experience.  
A. Morrison, of 919 North Main street, brick mason by trade, says: "I was troubled for some years with heavy aching pains across the small of my back, causing such misery that at night I could not rest and what sleep I did get seemed to do me no good as I arose in the morning, feeling tired and sore all over. The kidney secretions were highly colored and deposited a heavy sediment. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Melville's drug store and used them. They helped me from the start and I was soon not bothered at all with my back or kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.  
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

**CAN APPEAL DIRECT.**  
Charleston, S. C., Aug. 24.—Carlyle McKinley, associate editor of the *News and Courier*, died here this morning after a long illness. He was the author of "An Appeal to Pharaoh," an argument for deportation of negroes to Egypt which attracted much attention. Some of his poems have been widely quoted. He was a distant relative of the late President McKinley.

**THIRTY-FIVE INJURED.**  
Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Two electric cars on the Rochester and Western railroad running from this city to Pittsford, met in a head on collision near Pittsford today. Thirty-five persons are said to have been injured. All the ambulances in the city have been sent to the scene of the wreck.

Healthy, happy babies. Mothers say Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest baby medicine in the world. 25 cents, ten or tablets. J. P. Vornkamp.

## JAPS'

## Cruisers Bombarded the Forts

## And Silenced

## Those on the East of Golden Hill.

## Russian Battleship Reported to Have Been Seriously Damaged

## By Striking a Mine While Bombarding Japanese Land Position Near Port Arthur. Towed Into Harbor.

Che Foo, Aug. 24.—2:30 p. m.—Information of undoubted authenticity states that the Japanese armored cruisers *Nisshin* and *Kasuga* have bombarded and silenced the Russian forts east of Golden Hill, at the entrance of Port Arthur. The forts referred to are probably the same or very close to forts Taipangze and Chaohanko, mentioned in these despatches yesterday and today.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The Japanese legation has received the following cablegram from Tokio:

"According to the report of the commander of the torpedo boat destroyer *Haishio*, the Russian battleship *Sebastopol* while bombarding the Japanese position on land from outside harbor on the 23rd, struck a mine and inclined considerably to starboard with bows submerged. She was towed inside."

RUSSIAN  
Vessels Will Be Disarmed to Avoid Any Complications.

Paris, Aug. 24.—There is reason to believe that a decision is about to be taken providing for the voluntary disarmament of the Russian cruiser *Askold* and the torpedo boat destroyer *Grozovoi*, now at Shanghai, and the Russian cruiser *Diana*, at Saigon. This will be done primarily to avoid international complications and will have the effect of reducing the Russian strength by three strong units, but the Russian authorities consider that this will be offset by the avoidance of the possible capture of the vessels named by the Japanese.

A despatch received from Saigon shows contrary to previous announcements that the *Diana* is in a very bad condition. She has one large hole in her hull below the water line. Her injuries will take weeks to repair. This would have permitted an extension of her sojourn in a neutral port beyond the twenty-four hours which expired yesterday, but it is foreseen that the repairs would entail such a stay at Saigon that it is possible that question affecting the neutrality of the port would be likely to arise, therefore Russia is disposed to disarm the *Diana* which thereafter will remain at Saigon during the war.

The final determination in the matter has not yet been taken but the tendencies are strongly in the ascendancy. The action to be taken at Shanghai and Saigon will relieve the case of international significance and practically close them.

**Seeking to End War.**  
Paris, Aug. 24.—A correspondent at Amsterdam, Holland, has interviewed M. Katayama, the Japanese delegate to the international socialist congress who is quoted as saying that the socialist parties are seeking to end the Russo-Japanese war and recently sent a report to the United States to make an appeal to President Roosevelt and the American people to intervene with the great powers toward concerted intervention.

**Fear British Friendship.**  
St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—The Novorossiya says the action of the British authorities in issuing new regulations was aimed directly at Russia. "But," the paper adds, "they will not affect the carrying out of Russia's plans. They indicate, however, how much reliance can be placed on the professions of British friendship."

**VICTORY**  
Of Japan Will Greatly Increase American-Oriental Commerce.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—Baron Matsudaira, member of the house of peers of Japan and vice president of the imperial Japanese committee to the St. Louis exposition, is here on his way home. In an interview today he is quoted as follows on the Russo-Japanese war situation: "The fall of Port Arthur will probably not close the war, because it may not settle the purpose of the war—it may not convince Russia."

"By the time the Japanese get to Harbin, it will be time for Russia to be convinced that she was wrong. In case the Japanese win this war, they will not treat Manchuria according to Russian policy. There are many possibilities but probably she will not."

## CLOSE TO NATURE.

## WHY SUNSHINE BRINGS HEALTH.



EVERYONE knows that the pure country air and a chance to get close to Nature in the fields and woods, is sure to improve our animal spirits and bodily health. We are only civilized animals after all, and the present dwellers in the cities are compelled to live in badly ventilated rooms or factories filled with the germs of disease—of grip, consumption or catarrh. They are compelled to eat their lunch hastily, and, in fact, to run the human machine at all times so improperly that they are constantly in danger of being sick. Sunshine and good air are essential for good health. Nature provides the germ destroyer, if we only find it, in a life in the open air and sunshine. If we are run down physically, if our blood has too many of the white blood corpuscles and not enough of the red corpuscles, it's a pretty sure warning that we need a little of nature's cure. For those who are confined indoors and need a strengthening tonic, a blood and body builder, there is a remedy provided by Nature which is sure and safe—an Alternative Extract from roots and herbs, without the use of alcohol, which nourishes the tissues and nerves with good red blood. This medicine was the discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce, the founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. It was sold by druggists thirty-seven years ago or more and has become more popular every year since, under the name of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Dr. Pierce receives quantities of grateful letters and testimonials every day. It would take all of this newspaper's space to print those received in a single month. Here is a sample:

"About seven years ago my health failed, and I tried different doctors but they could not help me," writes Reuben S. Kleppinger, Esq., of Lehigh, Pa. (Box 67). "I was still getting worse. Had a cough, pain in chest, night-sweats, was weak and nervous. I decided to write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., and state my case. I received a prompt and careful reply, which I still have in my possession. The remedy was a complicated one, involving the nasal and other air-passages. There was a catarrhal condition extending from head to the bronchia and lungs. The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy was advised. I used about two dozen bottles of each, also some of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and these remedies have done their work. Since that time I don't believe I have lost a day's work on account of sickness. Am well and have been able to eat anything ever since. Thanks seem but a slight return for all the good your medicine has done me."

"About two years ago I consulted a physician to try and get relief from a cold which had stopped up my head, and also settled on my lungs, causing catarrh in a very bad form, and also throat difficulties," writes Justice Thomas E. Bourquin, 1808 Ogercher Road, Savannah, Ga. "He gave me some medicine, but one month's faithful use of same failed to do me any good, so I decided to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and I did bought a bottle. After using it a few days, my lungs began to heal. I did not cough nearly as much night, sleep much better, and in two weeks the cold, cough, catarrh, and throat difficulty were all cured. I was certainly pleased with the results, and so wish to write you of it."

"We quote from the New York Journal the following: 'In Allen street, in eight blocks of tenement houses, live ten thousand seven hundred and thirty-seven human beings. The features of this miserable street are: 'Darkness; Dampness; Disease; Death.' The deaths are especially plentiful among the very young children. 'Of all the New York streets in which evil conditions destroy child life Allen street is the worst. It has a record for killing children under five years of age.' The street is very narrow, and the second avenue elevated railroad running through it, filling it from house to house, roofs it in, making it dark, gloomy, and unhealthy. 'On the ground it is dark all day, the lamps are always lighted. 'Diseases of the eye, pneumonia, tuberculosis, the rickets and other troubles of ill-nourished children, are features of this street. 'Among the dirt, the din, the darkness, the dampness of this infernal death tunnel, children are supposed to play. 'Do you wonder that they are deformed and sickly? Do you wonder that they die off before they reach the age of five. 'As well try to grow a flower in a cellar as to bring up children in that horrid street to which poverty and the city's culpable neglect condemn so many families.'"

will not make it a Japanese territory, but will handle it in accordance with the original purpose. The victory of Japan will greatly increase American oriental commerce.

The barn will sail for Japan on the Manchuria tomorrow.

**THIS**  
Was Bargain Day on Change.

**Wheat Falls**

For September Almost Five Cents,

While There Was Even a Greater Cut for December Delivery.

**Reason for Bearish Attitude Is Given That Discovery Has Been Made That Damage by Rust Was Exaggerated.**

Chicago, Aug. 24.—This was bargain day on the Chicago board of trade. Wheat for Sept. delivery was marked down from 108½ where it was at the close of the session Tuesday to 103 5/8. There was an even greater cut for December delivery which sold down to 101 5/8 as compared with 109 1/4 and 3/4 at the previous close. May wheat that was bringing 111 1/4 yesterday could be had in lots to suit at 106 3/4. The reason for the bearish attitude of traders today as compared with four or five days ago was that the reports from the northwest that all the spring wheat had been eaten up with the rust, were believed to have been grossly exaggerated and by many are now thought to have been inspired to a considerable extent by speculative interests. Instead of an almost total failure, it is now believed by many to be well assured there will be as much spring wheat raised this year as last. The close in all deliveries was very weak at 1-8 to 3/4 above the bottom prices for the day.

New York, Aug. 24.—The continuation to yesterday's selling movement in the stock market today, resulted in lower prices at the opening, but losses did not exceed a half in any of the leading stocks. Consolidated Gas exceptionally advanced a point. The Anthracite coal stocks were rushed to the front in the last hour. Heavy blocks of Reading were bought, lifting it above 57. New Jersey Central stiffened 1. Delaware and Hudson 1 1/2. Lackawanna 3/4. Profit many possibilities but probably she will not.

Pineapple acts like a poultice. There is no sore, boil or abrasion of the skin. Pineapple will not cure. Pineapple draws the fire out of a burn instantly and heals without leaving a scar. For

stocks, but the reactions were usually small. Steady buying of St. Louis, Northwestern preferred lifted it 2 1/2, despite some easing off of the other Gould stocks. The closing was easy.

**Wool Market.**

Boston, Aug. 24.—The market for wool remains a firm tone but the demand quiet under large demand from manufacturers. The strength of the market comes from its statistical position, hence the result of the sale of weeks will have much to do in determining the future price of wools. Ohio delaines held firm at about 36 to 39, unwashed Ohio delaines 23 1/2 to 26. Territory wool firm. The sound bases is for fine and is about 55 to 57 cents with fine medium at 53 to 55.

**Live Stock.**

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Cattle, receipts 17,000; market steady to strong; good to prime steers 3.10 to 3.15; poor to medium 2.40 to 2.50; stockers and feeders 2.40 to 2.50; cows 1.50 to 1.75; heifers 2.40 to 2.50; calves 2.50 to 2.60; Texas fed steers 3.10 to 3.15.

Hogs, receipts 20,000; market strong to 3c higher; mixed and butchers 5 1/2 to 5 3/4; good to choice heavy 5.15 to 5.35; rough heavy 4.75 to 5.20; light 5.15 to 5.50; bulk of sales 5.10 to 5.40.

Sheep, receipts 25,000; market steady to strong; good to choice weathers 3.50 to 3.90; fair to choice mixed 2.90 to 3.10; native lambs 3.50 to 3.75.

**Grain and Provisions.**

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Close: Wheat, Sept. 103 5/8, old 105 1/4; Dec. 104 5/8; May 106 3/4.

Corn, Aug. 53 1/2; Sept. 53 3/4; Dec. 52 3/4; May 51 3/4.

Oats, Aug. 22 3/4; Sept. 23 1/8; Dec. 24 1/4; May 25 5/8.

Pork, Sept. 11 67 1/2 and 11 70; Oct. 11 72 1/2; Jan. 13 00.

Lard, Sept. 6 95; Oct. 7 02 1/2 and 7 05; Jan. 7 50.

Ribs, Sept. 7 27 1/2 and 7 40; Oct. 7 47 1/2; Jan. 8 70.

**Toledo Grain.**

Toledo, Aug. 24.—Wheat, cash, Aug. and September 1.07 1/4; Dec. 1.08 1/4; May 1.09 1/4.

Corn, cash 57 1/2; Sept. 57; Dec. and May 52 1/4.

Oats, cash 33 3/4; Sept. 34; Dec. 35 1/4; May 37 3/4.

Clover seed, cash 7 50; Oct. 8 65; Dec. 7 65.

**CONDITION SERIOUS.**

Columbus, Aug. 24.—Advices from the bedside of Representative Homer N. Kimball, Madison county, presenting the lake-ganga district are to the effect that his condition is considered extremely serious.

Kimball is a heron from a liver trouble and although he has been ill 12 or 15 days, recovery is doubtful.

Pineapple acts like a poultice. There is no sore, boil or abrasion of the skin. Pineapple will not cure. Pineapple draws the fire out of a burn instantly and heals without leaving a scar. For

## NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

## Brick Pavement.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Public Service, at their office in the city hall, until twelve (12) o'clock (noon) central standard time of Tuesday, September 6th, 1904, and publicly opened and read immediately thereafter, for the construction of a vitrified brick pavement on concrete foundation and all appurtenances incident thereto, on Cherry alley, from North street to Market street, in Lima, Ohio. The estimated quantities are 1500 square yards of brick pavement, 1000 feet of 18x16 inch curbing. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of \$200, made payable to O. J. Rose, clerk. Specifications, forms of proposals and other information may be obtained on application to R. H. Gamble, chief engineer of same board. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order of the board.

R. H. GAMBLE,  
a21 Chief Engineer.



## On Windy Days

GRATES about equal a hot-water bottle;  
STOVES warm the house only in spots;  
HOT-AIR FURNACES chronically refuse to warm rooms on the exposed side, while

## Hot Water and Steam Systems

genially warm the house throughout. Why? Write us.

IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators

**E. E. TUTTLE**  
215 WEST HIGH.

J. C. Young, Providence—Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea cured me of indigestion and constipation. Gained twenty-five pounds in six months. Am entirely well. 35 cents, tea or tablets.

## CLASS

## Of Sunday School Workers

## Gave Surprise

## Honoring Anniversary of Mrs. Markley.

## South Side Baptist Picnic at McCullough's Was a Success.

## A Most Delightful Party Held at the Warner Home, on West Kibby Street. Personal Notes.

Last evening about thirty-five members of the Rev. Brundage Sunday school class of the Wayne street Church of Christ, called at the A. C. Markley home, 748 Holly street, and gave the wife and sister classmate a pleasant reminder that another anniversary of her birth had arrived. The hour was late when the guests departed, but none were sorry on account of the lateness, as the evening was a most enjoyable one.

## Standing Room Only.

This morning the Stuckey relatives in this section started for Sugar Grove, about 27 miles southeast of Columbus, where tomorrow they hold their third annual reunion. About 60 tickets were sold for the 8:21 train at the Erie depot to members of the party, and several were on the train who had purchased tickets at points west of Lima; all in there were about 75 relatives aboard when the train left Lima, and the coach and smoker were crowded to the limit.

## Short Stay.

Lewis and Ed. McLean's boyhood happy days at South Haven, Mich. must have been clouded with spankings and stone-bruises, as they are in Lima again. They surely did not walk, for it was only yesterday morning that the reporter sent them away.

## Picnic a Success.

The picnic at McCullough's lake yesterday afternoon by members of the South Lima Baptist church and Sunday school was a very enjoyable affair. The supper was delightful, but the fun of the day came in the races. Stephen Gilmore won the sack race; and a lad called "Fitzsimmons" won the foot race for boys. Then there were races for the girls. Miss Beatrice Halter won the potato race, while Miss Goldie Carle was the champion sprinter. Boating was an enjoyable feature, also, and all were well pleased with the day's doings.

## A Mental "Worrier."

"Say, you Times man," said a prominent south side man this morning, "can you tell me why the board of health does not put garbage cans at each block and at every home, like they do in other cities, and have gatherers to take care of the refuse instead of allowing it to be piled up in the rear of homes, in the alleys and even in the streets. What did Mr. ——— agree to look after garbage for? \$500 was it not? What did that mean?"

"Well I will tell you one thing. We are going to have a siege of fevers and disease in Lima if these things are not looked after, and I don't care how soon the board commences to clean up. I am willing to pay 25 cents a month toward the garbage can plan, which has long been discussed but no action taken, and I believe everybody else is willing, or should be."

## A Social Event.

Last evening Misses Floy Endsley, Lottie Warner, Goldie Stants, Lizzie Stants, Mabel Stumbach, Miss Himes, Ethel Andrews, Catharine Nookman and Messrs. Dwight Overholtz, Fred Oaragus, Ray Jewell, Ross Spreng, Will McGuire and Steve Blee were de-

lightfully entertained at the home of Miss Evah Warner, of west Kibby street. Games and music were indulged in, after which a sumptuous lunch of five courses was served. The guests departed, saying that the hostess was a ready entertainer.

Miss Warner will leave for Columbus, Sunday next, to spend two weeks visiting friends and relatives.

## Personal Paragraphs.

Mrs. Minerva Clark, of west Kibby street, has returned home, after an absence of several weeks, with relatives at Dayton and Piqua.

Co. E, 118th O. V. I. will reunite at Spencerville tomorrow.

There was a box supper at the Baldwin home on Forest avenue last evening for the benefit of the Second street M. E. church.

Charles Pratt and Jesse Spitznagle, are again in Lima, after an absence of several months, working for the L. E. & W. Co., near Chicago.

S. S. Coon and wife, of south West street, are St. Louis visitors.

Lloyd Sherrock, the genial shipping clerk at the Locomotive Works, is enjoying the northern lake breezes this week.

Garner Miller, who has been clerking at the Cramer drug store in Ross Shonker's place while he visited Old Kaintuck, has taken a position with the Melville drug store.

Next Saturday the Copeland families will reunite at Mt. Lookout, Auglaize county.

Wm. Plinckoff, of Dayton, is a guest of his brother, J. C. Plinckoff, of south Pine street.

Mrs. G. H. Sims, of south Pine street, was visited yesterday by her father, Rev. J. V. Updike, of Celina.

Miss Nellie Baker, of Cincinnati, is a guest of Mrs. J. H. Yates, of Greenlawn avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Brookins, of St. Johns avenue, are entertaining his brother's wife, Mrs. M. G. Brookins, of Toledo.

This morning, Mr. and Mrs. John Olney, of Second street, went to Sandusky to visit friends.

Ben Rider, of south Main street, is attending the races at Kenton this week.

Miss Bessie Workman, of south Elizabeth street, is a St. Louis visitor.

Mrs. M. Goodwin, of McPherson avenue, is very ill with neuralgia.

Mrs. Dora Stuckey, of Little Rock, Ark., is a guest of south Lima relatives.

Violent Attack of Diarrhoea Cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Perhaps a Life Saved.

"A short time ago I was taken with a violent attack of diarrhoea and believed I would have died if I had not gotten relief," says John J. Patton, a leading citizen of Patton, Ala. "A friend recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I bought a twenty-five cent bottle and after taking three doses of it was entirely cured. I consider it the best remedy in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by all druggists."

## FAMILY LIFE.

I do not think the world can offer a more interesting sight than a fine family where the sons and daughters have loyally preserved the spirit of the relationship. As the children one after another gain in cultivation and power, the narrow horizon of childhood recedes. From his labor, from his studies, from his contact with those without each is constantly bringing in new treasures, and together they share it all, carry on one another's education. The family table becomes a rendezvous where all take delight in bringing their impressions and echoes of the great world outside—Charles Wagner, by the Fire-side.

Pineules is the name of a new discovery put up in a new way, a certain cure for all kidney and bladder troubles, rheumatism, lumbago, etc. You are requested to call at our store and let us show you Pineules, derived from the pines.

Daniel was talking to a newspaper reporter from the lions' den.

"No," he said, "I wasn't scared a bit. You see, I didn't have to get married in there."

With which animaladversion he hiked for the west Madison street carnival and talked it over with Ald. Scully.—Chicago Journal.

## CITY

## Of Heidelberg Has a Cask Which

## Is the Largest

## In the World Made to Hold Wine.

## Frankfort on the Main Also Described by Rev. F. G. Rupert.

## Nurnberg, Bavaria, the Birth Place of the Watch, Described as a Very Sleepy Old City.

Nurnberg, July 31, 1904.

Times-Democrat, Lima, Ohio:

I am writing this letter from Nurnberg, Bavaria, but before I say anything about it, I must tell you, what I forgot the other day, that Heidelberg boasts of being the possessor of the largest barrel ever built in the world. It is in the cellar of the great royal castle, Landgrave Karl Theodore caused it to be built by Joseph Engler, A. D. 1751. Its staves are six inches thick, the headings ten inches thick, and the hoops binding it together are five inches thick. It was built in the open air, and when finished a cellar was erected over it. It holds two hundred and thirty-six thousand German liters, being equal to almost one hundred thousand American gallons. It was intended for a wine cask and was filled but three times in its active career. It is so high that a stairway of forty steps are required to reach the top. At the capitulation, the soldiers of Napoleon expected to draw off some refreshments, but to their great chagrin they found it empty, and empty it has been ever since, but in a good state of preservation. I saw this barrel and climbed to the top of it.

Frankfurt-on-the-Main is a city very much like Cleveland, Ohio, and just about as thrifty and busy. Some of the Imperial car shops are located here, and the iron and steel industry is very large. The present German Emperor aims at making the Fatherland a manufacturing, as well as an agricultural country, and for this he is praised and loved by his people. The Fatherland, they say, was never so prosperous as during the present reign.

In the same car with me on my way to Frankfurt, was the Prince of Montenegro, the father of the present queen of Italy. I had no conversation with him, but had an opportunity to observe him well. He is an elderly man, perhaps nearly 70 years of age, but hearty and well preserved. He was accompanied by his body-guard. There was another celebrity of Germany in the same compartment with me, and discovering that I could speak German, he became very communicative. He inquired especially concerning the effect on the English Americans of the recent visit of Prince Henry to America. He was much delighted at the good will of Americans towards Germany as attested by so many and such frequent visits of Americans in Germany. When departing, he handed me his card, and to my amazement I discovered that it was Prince Hertzog of Hanover, and that he was the president of the Emperor's privy council.

Nurnberg is a very populous city. It is said to have 200,000 inhabitants. It is the only city that I have thus far found that I did not like. It is so very medieval, has such odd-fashioned buildings, and its people cling so tenaciously to the old customs of centuries ago, that to an American it looks like a Rip-Van-Winkle town. However, it is one of the cities that Frederick Barbarossa loved so very much, and the home he liked best.

The ruins of his castle and domicile are one of the attractions here, and I paid them a visit, but found them very small and uninteresting, as compared to the great castle at Heidelberg.

Nurnberg is the place where the pocket timepiece, called a watch, was invented, by one of her sons, Peter Henlein, in A. D. 1431, and to this day the inhabitants are proud of that fact.

It is also the home of the painter, Al. Durer, and of the German poet, Hans Sachs, and of the sculptor, Adam Kraft.

I would like to tell you more, but my time is limited, and I am tired out from sight-seeing.

From here I will go to Erlangen and Munich, and will soon bid farewell to the continent in order to visit England and its famous isles.

Yours respectfully,

F. G. RUPERT.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

## A TRUTHFUL INDIAN.

He Didn't Get Tired Like the Rest, For a Very Good Reason.

Clement Scott, the English dramatic critic, took a profound interest in the American Indian. He had at his tongue's tip a hundred incidents whereby to illustrate odd phases of the Indian's character.

"There was a farmer in the west who was hard put to it for help upon his farm. Indians were plentiful in the neighborhood, but they were poor workmen. Always tired, they would put down the hoe or rake as soon as the master's back was turned, and, selecting a cool spot, they would lie down on the grass and sleep the day away.

"But one morning a very tall, robust Indian asked the farmer to give him work.

"No," said the white man, "you will get tired. You Indians are always getting tired."

"Oh, no," said the other, "This Injun never gets tired. This Injun not like the rest."

"Well, I'll try you," said the farmer, and he engaged the man. He put him to work in a wheatfield; then he went away for an hour or two. When he returned he found the Indian asleep under a tree.

"Here, wake up here," he cried, "You told me you never got tired."

"Oh," said the other, yawning, "this Injun don't. But if he not lie down often he would get tired just the same as the rest."

## A THRILLING SHOT.

An Incident in a German Performance of "William Tell."

When a performance of the drama "William Tell" was given at a certain German theater it was announced that the stage effects in the play were extremely fine and that the scene where Tell's splendid marksmanship was made apparent would astonish every one. The audience waited as patiently as they could until that scene and were certainly astonished.

The scene arrived where Tell was to shoot the apple from his devoted son's head, and the apple and Tell's crossbow were connected by an invisible wire, along which the arrow was to speed to the target.

At the proper cue the arrow did speed halfway toward the apple, and there stuck, to all appearance in mid-air. In vain did the doughty Tell shake his bow to carry the arrow to its mark. The son of Tell looked very frightened and didn't know what was happening.

The apple, firmly fixed on his youthful cranium, was bobbing about, the audience was laughing, and the laugh burst into a roar when one of Gessler's guards took in the aim, loosed, and coming forward from his position at the side of young Tell calmly gave the arrow a snort rap with his spear, when it sped on its way and buried itself in the apple on the boy's head.

## Wisdom of the Cat.

We may like cats or we may not like cats, but we must all confess that the cat is our superior. He uses us in his eyes we exist for his delectation, we provide warmth and milk, we are a hearty rug to be jumped on and sat on, a curry comb to titillate him. In this aspect the cat is vastly superior to the dog, which is faithful to those who maltreat him, while a cat's fidelity takes the form of graceful adroitness to those who seek him. We know an old lady, lodging in the suburbs, who spreads bread on the lawn every morning for the sparrows. Every morning, as the sparrows eat, the kind old lady's cat, ready behind the box bush, took his toll. How could he doubt that his mistress, his servant, was at the normal task of doing him service?—Saturday Review.

## A Hint From the Baron.

Upon a client complaining to Baron Rothschild that he had lent 10,000 francs to a person who had gone off to Constantinople without leaving any acknowledgment of the debt the baron said:

"Well, write to him and tell him to send you the 50,000 francs he owes you."

"But he only owes me 10,000," objected the other.

"Precisely," rejoined the baron, "and he will write and tell you so, and thus you will get his acknowledgment of it."

## Picture Books for Foreigners.

Picture books for the benefit of travelers are kept in the Paris police stations. It frequently occurs that foreigners lose things which they are unable to describe, because of unfamiliarity with the French language. The picture books contain representations of various articles, and the inquirer has only to turn the leaves and point out the illustration which most resembles the property he has lost.

## Considerate.

"I can't imagine how you can dislike work. To me it's real enjoyment," said the father to his lazy son.

"Yes, father," was the guileless response, "but I don't want to give myself up wholly to pleasure."

## Benefit of Pensioners.

"England pensions her authors," "Well, that's wise. Pensioners, you know, make authors get lazy and quit writing."—Indianapolis Journal.

## A Physical Impossibility.

Angry Father—How dare you show your face here again? Persistent Son—Because I could not leave it at home.

What fine days there are for fishing when a man can't get away from his work.—Athenian Globe.

We are agents for the famous little liver pills recently discovered by the venerable Dr. Dade of Chicago. Persons who have used Dade's pills will have no other. They cure constipation. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp.

## D. &amp; B.

There are countless monograms, but none so indicative of refreshing, wholesome travel as the "D. & B." the famous water route connecting Detroit and Buffalo between twilight and dawn—the lake and rail route to St. Louis. Your railway ticket, it is issued by the Grand Trunk or Michigan Central railways, will be honored either direction. Send 2c stamp for World's Fair folder.

A. A. SCHANTZ,

G. S. & P. T. Mgr. Detroit, Mich.

Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is the original Laxative cough cure. It is the best Laxative cough syrup made. Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar contains the antiseptic, healing, soothing and strengthening properties of the native pine, combined with other ingredients in a laxative syrup made from pure strained honey. Cures all coughs and strengthens weak lungs. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp.

## NEXT CINCINNATI EXCURSION.

Sunday, Aug. 28th, 1:50 C. H. & D. trains leave at 2:10 and 7:10 a. m.

The Only One Dollar Excursion of the season will be to Dayton, on Thursday, Aug. 25th. C. H. & D. special train will leave Lima at 6:15 a. m.

## Wiggle-Stick Laundry Blue

At All Grocers

Won't Freeze Won't Break Won't Spill Won't Spot Clothes

Costs 10 Cents, Equals 20 Cents worth of any other kind of bluing

Wiggle-Stick is a stick of soluble blue in a little bag inside a perforated wooden tube, through which the water flows and dissolves the color as needed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Wiggle-Stick around in the water. Manufactured only by THE LAUNDRY BLUE COMPANY, Chicago

DRIVER BROS. & NEELY, Insurance Agents, Fire, Life, Accident, Tornado, Plate Glass, Liability and Burglary Insurance.

OLD RELIABLE COMPANIES. Prompt Attention to Business. Honorable Dealings.

Successors to Jackson, Spitzer & Miller Agencies, Holmes block, phone 8, July 23-1m

## FAUROT OPERA HOUSE.

OPENING OF THE SEASON. Wednesday, Aug. 24th.

C. H. HOLSEN Presents the Romantic Actor.

## Mr. John A. Preston

and a carefully selected cast, in a sumptuous scenic revival of the great classic drama.

## INGOMAR The BARBARIAN.

A complete production in every detail, representing an investment of \$10,000.

Scale of Prices: Lower Boxes \$1.00, Upper Boxes 75c, Orchestra 50c, Balcony 25c, Gallery 10c. Parquet 50c. SEAT SALE OPEN TUESDAY 9 A. M.

## Why Buy Poor Soda Water.

When you can buy the Purest and Best for the same money at

## Stolzenbach's.

Ice Cream Soda 5 Cents.

## Lima's Mid-Summer

## ... FIRE FESTIVAL

Bellefontaine Ave., near Fair Grounds.

3 NIGHTS, Commencing Monday, Aug. 22.

GORGEOUS \$100,000,00 SPECTACLE.

LAST DAYS POMPEII

300 Men, Women and Children. Stage as large as an entire city block. 5 acres of Massive Picturesque Scenery. Overwhelming Displays of Marches and Evolutions of Kaleidoscopic Effluence. Colossal, Dazzling Ballets. Big Sensational Acrobatic, Gymnastic and Aerial Specialties. Pompellean Military Band.

\$1,000 Nightly Display of Pain's World Famous Manhattan Beach Fireworks

General admission, 50c; children under 9, 25c; reserved seats, 25c extra; chairs and box seats, \$1.00. Seats for 10,000. Excursion rates on all railroads.

General admission, 50c; children under 9, 25c; reserved seats, 25c extra; chairs and box seats, \$1.00. Seats for 10,000. Excursion rates on all railroads.

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# BOYS PASSED THROUGH FIRE

And the Baptism Was One That Puts Stern Lines in the Faces of the Members of National Guard.

All is quiet at Athens. The city has settled down to the hum-drum of life, but there is the shadow of a deplorable murder hanging over the town that recalls the age when the real Athens was in her glory. Home Guards and regulars have returned—the former to the banks, the offices and the shops, and the latter to their barracks, where the bitter enmity existing between the two distinct factors of Uncle Sam's army widens its breach, and the amateur and professional soldier take stock of their trade in revenge.

One day can make a young man old, and the stern lines that settle on the faces of the boys of Co. C. and K. when that nasty feature of the 1904 encampment is discussed, indicates the indomitable spirit of a comrade who has passed through the fire.

Only the exercise of a disagreeable duty on the part of the officers of the Guards prevented a clash and in the end that would have wiped out a bitter score that now rankles like a worm. Double and triple guard lines, close inspection of passes, and a search for weapons and ammunition were some of the final precautions taken to prevent what was feared would be a clash during the last days of the encampment. Huddled together in secure retreat were the riflemen of the regular army, but with all these open bravado, fear was written on the faces of those who gave quarters to the murderers of Sergeant Clark.

"The Sergeant of the regulars, who led the crowd, was heard to remark: 'My God, I didn't think it would come to this,' and then he too made a dash for it. He is one who is known, and is up before the board of investigation. What has been done to ferret out the murderers is kept entirely within those concerned in the work of bringing the guilty ones to justice, and it is to be hoped that conclusions will be sufficient to bring merited punishment to the murderers."

The Lima boys, as usual, proved themselves to be every inch a soldier and while they had a grim duty to perform, they shut their teeth to it and returned home without spot or blemish.

Dr. R. J. Thomson, chaplain of the Second regiment, returned home with the boys last night, and naturally is very much concerned over the tragedy. The killing of Sergeant Clark and the finding of two swollen bodies of men in the river, raise the issue as to whether it is advisable to throw the regulars and guards to camp together. "It is a hard take," said Dr. Thomson, "on the part of the government to permit our boys to carry side arms and profit by the guards from holding so much as a

pen in their rifles. No squad on provost duty, with nothing but a cold bayonet for protection, can withstand an assault of a mob behind a fusillade of bullets, and as the policing of the city was done by the companies selected from the regiments of the National Guard, they were handicapped by a decree that made their work uncertain and hazardous.

Company C has a state reputation and was called upon to do guard duty on the night of their arrival. The boys had but little rest, the night before, but as usual took pride in their duty and did it well. Company A was on provost duty the night following, and it was then the trouble first began. A squad found a regular by the name of Kelly in a saloon in an intoxicated condition and at once proceeded to arrest him. Kelly promptly reached for his revolver, but received the butt end of a gun in his face and was overpowered. When he was taken from a cab at the jail, he raised a cry for help, calling on the regulars, and two of his class on the opposite side of the street quickly disappeared.

"The following day the trouble brewed and after night had fallen to shield the perpetrators of a dastardly crime, a band of regulars came to the city on an errand of revenge. When held up they replied with a fusillade that laid Sergeant Clark low, and then they scattered through alleys like a pack of sheep-dropping dogs.

"The Sergeant of the regulars, who led the crowd, was heard to remark: 'My God, I didn't think it would come to this,' and then he too made a dash for it. He is one who is known, and is up before the board of investigation. What has been done to ferret out the murderers is kept entirely within those concerned in the work of bringing the guilty ones to justice, and it is to be hoped that conclusions will be sufficient to bring merited punishment to the murderers."

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## GERMAN-AMERICAN BANK AT SIDNEY

Placed in Hands of Receiver on Application of Cashier Frank Reed. Three Heavy Stockholders Make Individual Assignments.

Sidney, Aug. 24.—This morning the city was thrown into a commotion when the German-American bank, the oldest financial institution in Shelby county, failed. The bank had a capitalization of \$250,000. No definite statement of the present condition of the bank can be obtained until the receiver reports, but it is estimated that the liabilities will reach \$250,000, with assets approximating \$225,000.

The general impression is that the bank will pay dollar for dollar, despite the fact that it presumably has some bad paper, the partners being all wealthy men.

Following the appointment of a receiver, Reed, the cashier; John H. Wagner, president of the bank, and Peter Wagner, a large stockholder in the bank, filed individual deeds of assignment, the former to Harry Oldham, and the two Wagners to E. J. Griffiths.

Mr. Reed is the supporter of Reed's famous Sidney band, and the owner of a hotel at Russell's Point.

They had been safely housed within the property of the steel company, the union strikers who had been parading the streets all night dispersed and are now in bed. Quiet prevails and no trouble is apprehended.

A blessing alike to young and old: Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhoea and summer complaint.

**HAD A SURPLUS LEFT.**

New York, Aug. 24.—The International Paper Co.'s annual report shows a gross income of \$20,304,514, an increase of \$161,743, and operating expenses of \$17,150,521, an increase of \$621,221. After payment of taxes, interest and dividends of \$1,344,402 on the preferred stock, there remained a surplus for the year of \$1,172,558, a decrease of \$118,874.

**Doctors' Bills** Seem large? As a rule, they are not. Doctors earn every cent they charge. When your doctor says, "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best thing for coughs," believe him. *L. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.*

## NEW Train Schedule Being Made Up For the Line Between Indianapolis and Peru, Ind.

Gasoline Motor Cars to Be Placed in Service by the L. E. & W.

To Meet the Competition Offered by a New Traction Line Which Parallels the Steam Line.

The Lake Erie and Western railroad company is preparing to hit back at the Indianapolis Northern Traction Co., which has just opened a traction line between Indianapolis and Peru, Ind., paralleling the steam road. The new comer has completely paralyzed the local passenger traffic on the Lake Erie and Western road, and in order to regain its standing with the community through which its road passes the steam company will add gasoline motor cars with a speed of 50 miles an hour to the service.

It comes from one who is in a position to know that the first of the motor cars will be placed in use September 15. The cars are being constructed at Sandusky, Ohio, and the motor machinery is an invention of an Indianapolis man. A new time card for the steam road is now being made up, and besides the regular service now in use the card shows some very fast times which will be the gasoline motors.

**To Confess Today.** Thomas H. Tracy, of Toledo, a director of the C. H. & D. and who is also president of the Toledo Terminal Co., will be here today, says the Enquirer. President Zimmerman, of the C. H. & D. and Mr. Tracy who is interested in the C. H. & D. deal, will hold a conference this morning at the C. H. & D. general offices with ex-Governor Rufus B. Smith, Charles Harrison and Attorney John W. Warrington, who represent holders of about \$500,000 of C. H. & D. four per cent preferred stock, who, as announced in yesterday's Enquirer, want the C. H. & D. Co. to purchase their stock.

It is said that the holders of this stock are not in a hurry to take the money of the C. H. & D. but that the four per cent preferred stock would be worth about 88.

It is not thought that the C. H. & D. company will agree to purchase the four per cent stock unless there is some way to force the company to do so.

**Not Credited.** Superintendent Gordon of the C. H. & D., whose offices are in Dayton, when asked today whether he placed any credence in the report that the division headquarters of the new C. H. & D. system would be transferred from this city to Lima, O., stated that he did not, as this is one of the most important points and one terminus for several divisions of the road.

If the reports concerning a removal from Dayton, which would take several thousand residents from this city, becomes tangible, the Commercial club will take up the matter.

**Opens Office in Delphos.** G. A. Hogue who has charge of the construction work on the Lima & Wayne electric road, has opened an office in Delphos. A large force of men are at work at the point.

**LIMA BUSINESS COLLEGE OPENS FOR THE FALL TERM SEPT. 6TH.**

Lima Business College is the largest and most successful school of business in Northwestern Ohio. Last year 300 students were enrolled; 50 per cent are now in positions. There is hardly a business house in Northwestern Ohio that does not employ one or more of its graduates.

For twelve years Lima Business college has been conducted by two men, one an expert accountant and the other an expert stenographer. They give students their personal attention.

Good board and room is \$2.50 to \$3 a week and there are scores of opportunities to earn expenses outside of school hours. One young man cleared \$50.00 above all expenses while taking his course last year. For full information, address, Lima Business College, Lima, O. 71-41

**OVERY-MOWERY.**

Last night, at 8 o'clock, at his home, 839 West Wayne street, Rev. Brundage united in marriage Mr. John Overy and Miss Alta Mowery. The happy couple will spend their honeymoon on the lakes.

I find nothing better for liver derangement and constipation than Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.—L. F. Andrews, Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by all druggists.

## THE IDLER.

Rumor had P. jogging about the streets last night that the demands of Quail, Downing, Hefner and Lang on Postmaster Campbell had reached the degree of strenuousness where he could no longer resist their importunities that their friends be placed, and that something would "be doing" in the way cutting off a few heads in and about the postoffice, September 30, proximo.

It is possible that Jimmy Hefner will be promoted from editorial writer on the Republican-Gazette to assistant postmaster.

Somebody whose interest in the great hereafter will be a mighty small niche in poisoning all the dogs in the west end. Fred Helwig, of the Piner grocery, is the latest to lose a valuable canine through this black hand agency.

Dr. Geo. Hall, ex-postmaster by the grace of Roosevelt, and Quail's pull with Foraker, is home from the annual G. A. R. encampment at Boston, which he pronounces the best that splendid organization has ever participated in.

With the opening of the "Country Club," and the seizure of many local gentlemen, whose livers are inoperative from sedentary and money making habits, by golfphobia, it seems appropriate to give to those unfamiliar with the sport, an up-to-date description of the game as published by the London Golf Illustrated. It goes this way:

At the fifteenth, Mr. Simpkins led with a mossy ball, but nothing daunted, the Mid-Seury representative got a perfect heres straight down the drain, which left him only a korbilm to the green. The crowd here proved somewhat incredulous, and Mr. Simpkins, who had a glubly lie, had some difficulty in extenuating himself. He succeeded, however, and his ball lay just short of the hole. Mr. Fly who was lying a yard from the hole, exulted his put for three, standing one up with three to play.

Two gee-whizzers and a blam saw the players on the next green, the spilling being of a high order. Mr. Fly who was lying a yard from the hole, exulted his put for three, standing one up with three to play.

Mr. Simpkins showed his true skin into the afternoon, while Mr. Fly, with another golfphobia, right off the green, was down to the cemetery. Mr. Simpkins, being his ball badly contaminated, took his mallet and smooching it with out, also reached the place of interest. Mr. Fly, after careful aim, shot a 12-yard putt, and everyone thought the match was over, but Mr. Simpkins is never beaten.

Stealing his Schenck, he rolled a mossy ball which primed its way toward the hole and dropped in. The halving of the match was hailed with loud cheers. The players had two birds on the match and a claim a hole.

D. Vincent Reagan, formerly of this city, but now of Chanute, Kan., is spending his vacation among friends in this and adjoining towns. At present he is visiting his brother, T. F. Reagan, on Elizabeth street. Mr. Reagan is engaged in the oil and real estate business in Chanute and is of the opinion that that oil field is the coming one, and that Kansas affords the best of openings for manufacturing and business enterprises. Mr. Reagan's phenomenal success proves that Horace Greely's advice "Go west young man" is yet of worth. His many friends are glad to greet him and to wish him continued success.

Mr. A. M. Thibodeau has returned from the Selma, Indiana oil field, and is again with Maize Bros. The district in which Mr. Thibodeau has been is that in which are some of the best second sand wells in Indiana.

"What's this here Shawnee business?" asked a rural passenger on a Western Ohio car that had just stopped at the Country Club station the other day.

"Why that's that there country club that built the shanty over in Hoyer's woods," replied his companion.

"Can't nobody but country people belong?"

**DON'T FORGET THAT PIPER HAS APEX BACON AND HAM.**

**NO VISITORS AT ROSEMOUNT.** E.opus, N. Y., Aug. 24.—No visitors came to Rosemount during the forenoon today. Judge Parker worked on his letter of acceptance of the nomination, which will be made public probably about September 12th or 15th. The letter will be printed in Kingston and it is expected the proof will be ready about September 5th. Among the callers expected late today is Howard Taylor, of New York city, one of the organizers of the Construction Club.

## LIMA Men Interested in a Device That Was Used With Success on the B. & L. E. Railroad.

James Barhydt and Harry Durnbaugh Leave the B. R. & P. Shops,

And Will Interest Themselves With F. H. Dukessmith, an Inventor, of Meadville, Pa., in a New Air Brake Device.

Messrs. James Barhydt and Harry Durnbaugh, two well known former Lima men, who left here a few years ago, the former to accept the position of master mechanic of the B. R. & P. railroad at Rochester, N. Y., and the other to accept a position in the main shops of that road, are taking a venture that contemplates the launching of a valuable new device into the railroad world. They have assisted in perfecting a device known as the Dukessmith air brake release and driver brake control and will endeavor to have it placed in service on the railroads of the country. Both Mr. Durnbaugh and Mr. Barhydt have left the service of the B. R. & P. road, and will devote their attention to this and other inventions in which they are interested.

Concerning a test that was recently given the Dukessmith device, a Meadville paper publishes the following: "The Dukessmith air brake release signal and driver brake control was successfully installed on the Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad last week. The first engine equipped was No. 105, engineer O. B. Christy in charge. The run from Abdon south was said by all who witnessed it to be a most remarkable demonstration of the utility and efficiency of the device.

"Engines 105 carried a load of 47 steel hopper cars with a cargo of 2,700 tons. The airbrakes were working on the entire train, consequently it was a very long train line of air. As is well known by railroad men, it is next to impossible to release the brakes on a long train, a slow speed without breaking the train in two, and in consequence of this fact it is always unreliable to bring the train to a full stop if the speed has been reduced to six miles an hour or less, before releasing. In view of this fact, it is astonishing to relate that the train equipped with this new device, was brought to a stop as low as only three miles an hour, when the brakes were released with no indication of a tendency to break in two, although the test was as severe as it could be made. The best evidence of the satisfactory working of the device is the following letter from the engineer who had charge of the train:

Mr. F. H. Dukessmith, Meadville, Pa. Dear Sir:—After thoroughly testing, by practical operation, the working of your air brake release signal and driver brake control on B. & L. E. engine No. 105, it gives me pleasure to say that the device does all that you claim for it. I have handled successfully a heavy train of nearly 3000 tons, made up of 47 steel hopper cars, with the engine equipped with your device and I really believe it is impossible to break a train in two as a result of releasing brakes when your device is used on the engine. It certainly prevents the possibility of having slide-bar drivers or heating of the tires, and will, in my opinion, pay for itself many times over every year. It is unquestionably the best device ever put on an engine in connection with the air brake.

O. B. CHRISTY, Engineer.

Greenville, Pa., August 5. "A feature of especial importance to all railroads is the fact that by the use of this device the engineer is enabled to hold the brakes on the train set while the drivers are allowed to run free, or the train brakes can be all released and the auxiliary reservoirs recharged while the train is being held by the engine and tender brakes. The great importance of these points is at once evident to any railroad man."

**HAD GOOD NIGHT.**

Worcester, Mass., Aug. 24.—A bulletin on Senator Hoar's condition is sent today said: "The senator had a comfortable night. The trouble in his throat and lung has entirely disappeared. He is still very weak and does not show any increase of strength. He is holding his own."

A telegram of sympathy from Archbishop Ireland was received by Rockefeller today.

**POTATOES, 65c and 75c PER BU. AT PIPER'S GROCERY.**

## Those Embroidered Linen Turnovers With Button Hole Effect are a Decided Success.

This neckwear novelty has worked its way to popularity more than any other ladies neckdressing ever introduced. They are new, dressy and becoming to any wear; they admit Windsor ties and pretty ribbons to be worn with them in a decidedly original manner.

**The Price is 25c.**

## Ladies' Four-in-Hand Ties at 10 Cents. . . .

Through a special deal we have procured a splendid Tie 48 inches long, in black, royal blue, scarlet and the new green, —a very exceptional value at 10c.

**Feldmann & Co.**  
209-211 N. MAIN ST.

**CHRONOMETER MARKED TIME.**

Cortelyou Will Consider Some Phases of Campaign Which Interest the President.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Aug. 24.—After a delightful horse back ride and some invigorating exercise about the grounds of Sagamore Hill today, President Roosevelt worked for several hours in his library. He was joined there by Secretary Losh and together they disposed of an accumulation of mail relating principally to government business. National Chairman George B. Cortelyou will be a guest of the president tonight. He will arrive here on a later afternoon train and remain until tomorrow morning. He desires to consider with the president some phases of the campaign which have arisen in which the president has particular interest.

The only caller of importance at Sagamore Hill during the day was Timothy L. Woodruff, former Lieutenant governor of New York. Having spent much time at his summer resort in the Adirondacks, Mr. Woodruff had not had opportunity to see the president since he returned from Europe. His special mission here today was to discuss with the president the appointment of a successor to the late J. H. Brigham as assistant secretary of agriculture although national and New York and general political situations were considered.

**THEY CAN'T ESCAPE** the clutches of Poverty's Hand in old age who do not save while young—or at least strong enough to earn more money than actual living expenses. If you would learn all about the inco calculable advantages of the saving habit and our 4 per cent annual increase to your smaller investments, call here any banking business day.

**The Lima Savings Bank & Trust Co.**  
South Main Street, near Vine.

**OUR PRICES:**  
Best Set of Teeth . . . . . \$7.00  
Good Set of Teeth . . . . . \$5.00  
Bridge Work, per tooth, only . \$3.00  
Gold Crowns, 22-k . . . . . \$3.00 up  
Silver Filling . . . . . 75c

**PNEUMATIC TUBE SERVICE**

For Carrying of Mails to Depots and Substations Formerly Opened at Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 24. Chicago's pneumatic tube mail service was formally opened today. After the first batch of mail had been sent through the tube, the system was formally turned over to the government and was accepted on behalf of the federal authorities by Postmaster General Payne. The system consists of nine miles of brass tubes through which bags of mail are transported by compressed air to various stations, including those located at all railway depots. The system here is said to be the largest thus far installed in the United States.

**CAN HARDLY BE SO.**

New York, Aug. 24.—Secretary of War Taft has informed Senator Scott, of the republican national campaign speakers bureau that the speech which is to be delivered at South Bend, Ind., on September 5th, is a non-partisan address and will not be under the auspices of the national campaign committee.

**WILL NOT APPOINT WARDEN TIL SEPTEMBER.**

Columbus, O., Aug. 24.—The board of penitentiary managers announced today that there would be no warden named for the institution before the September meeting. This is an unexpected change in the program. President Wagner said today: "There is no necessity for haste in this matter. The institution will be under the executive management of Mr. Wood until a warden is selected."

**Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers.** Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. For sale by J. F. Vorkamp and Wm. M. Melville.

**ILLEGAL ELECTION.**

Reading, Pa., Aug. 24.—In the Berks county court today Judge English handed down a decision declaring illegal the election held February 16 last, authorizing a loan by the city of \$9945,000 for municipal improvements.

## EXTRAVAGANCES OF RAINY-DAY TOGGERY.

Silk Rubber Garments Come as High as the Ball Gowns; White Rubber Coats Gain in Favor; the Gravenette Short Waist Suit for Athletic Girls; Umbrellas Come to Match All the New Waterproof Cloths.

The girl of the hour pays almost as much for her rainy day outfit, as for her ball gown. In fact a thoroughly up-to-date equipment of rainy day togethery is one of the most extravagant items of a woman's wardrobe. The efforts of manufacturers to get away from the old-fashioned, heavy materials connected in the past with waterproof garments has resulted in some fabric marvels, but they are exceedingly high-priced.

Last year the height of comfort in rainy day fabrics seemed to have been reached in the lightweight gravenette. This year a silk rubber cloth, not much heavier than a good quality of tulle, is the correct thing for rainy day. It comes in pure white and in the most brilliant colors, such as blue, green and red and in the most quiet brown, olive and tan and all shades. Rainy day coats follow very much the line of automobile wraps and seem almost too long and sweeping for street use.

An English model in a fine blue rubber silk has a very large shawl collar and a high military collar. On the cuffs, cape and collar are appliques of lighter blue silk edged with black braid shot with gold and it is fastened down the front with large gold buttons. This coat has a decided dip to the back and is best suited to wearing in stormy weather.

A much more sensible model for the woman who walks is the three-quarter length cloak in brown rubber cloth. It has two deep capes, the longer one coming to the knees when the hand hangs straight at the side. The second cape just covers the shoulders and the turn-over military collar is very high. Down the front of the coat are straps or tabs of the rubber cloth, piped with crimson silk and buttoned across with brass cabochons. The capes and coat throughout lined with crimson silk to match the piping.

The number of ivory white silk rubber coats shown is simply amazing. Some of them are lined with pale blue or pink and look fit to wear over evening clothes only. Others are lined with black and have appliques of black silk and braid on the capes. These will be much worn on the street in large cities this winter, and they are less perishable than they seem, as they can be easily cleaned with a sponge and tepid water.

Business women who expect to be on the street a great deal in rainy weather, and girls who go in for golfing, no matter what the weather, are having shirt-waist suits made from gravenette. These are very expensive, but they give the effect of a Norfolk jacket and they are exceedingly trim for fall wear. They are finished simply with buttons covered with cloth to match that used on the dress. Hats of the gravenette cloth are made to order on the lines of the white duck

naval reserve hats so popular this summer.

In the new gravenette coats both felt and shirred models are seen, and the waist line is clearly defined. Brass buttons are used very generally on these coats. A tan-colored garment had two rows of brass buttons from collar to hem in the front, two rows of smaller buttons on the sleeve, and two enormous buttons on the girdle in the back. Heavy gravenettes in elaborate designs are being offered as winter coats to be worn with furs. They are exceedingly warm.

Women who prefer to face a light shower clad in a gravenette suit or coat, without the additional bother of an umbrella, have also a rainy day hat. A fine quality of felt, in a broad-brimmed alpine shape with a silk scarf in neutral tint is preferred.

Umbrellas come in colors to match all the new waterproof cloths, in plain silks and plaids. The woman who doesn't feel that she can afford to own several umbrellas and has a good black one in stock, has a case made to match her rainy day dress or coat. But in the new umbrellas the smartest models are shown in such colors as green, blue, brown and dark red. Carved wood handles showing grotesque animals and quaintly carved bits of ivory are popular. The rage for mother-of-pearl setting is disappearing entirely.

The question of footwear is always a vexed one with the rainy day girl. She utterly despises overshoes, yet her shoes are not built on lines or from material to shed water. The nearest approach to the rubberless rainy day shoe is a heavy calf-skin boot made with rubber soles. For the Cuban or Spanish-tooled shoes rubbers now come with specially deep dents for the heels, but the girl who wears French boots must content herself with sandals. With the advent of heavy walking boots for women the storm rubber has practically disappeared. Both white and gray overshoes are offered this season to correspond with the light-colored footwear, but there is not much demand for them.

Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is different from all other cough syrups. It contains antiseptic properties to destroy the germs, solvent properties to cut the phlegm, and laxative properties to cleanse the system. Bee's LAXATIVE Honey and Tar is a pleasant, permanent cure for all coughs, colds, lung and bronchial affections. H. F. Vorkamp.

L. E. & W. R. ATLANTIC CITY EXCURSION.

Tuesday, Aug. 23rd. Special service of chair cars and Pullman sleepers on train leaving Lima at 5:55 p. m. Stopovers can be had at Sandusky, Niagara Falls and Chautauque. Tickets are good returning by also. Inquire of W. F. Carter, D. P. A., or P. A. Burkhardt, ticket agent. d&wt

## A WOMAN OF BATTLE

[Copyright, 1904, by T. C. McClure.]

In the old days, before the Pacific roads and before the power of the red man was broken, line of us troopers of the Fourth cavalry, under command of a sergeant, were ordered out to escort the colonel's wife from Fort Hill to Lawrenceburg, that she might take the stage there for a visit to her home in the east. There was a truce just then between white and red, though liable to be broken by the latter without notice and at any moment.

During the long day's ride, the lady being in an ambulance, we knew that we were being followed by Indians. At about sundown we went into camp on a wooded hill, with the ground pretty thickly strewn with boulders of all sizes. We got the horses and mules up there, but the vehicle was left down on the plain. It was a cone-shaped hill about half a dozen such, but it commanded the others. It was covered with pines and cedars of small growth, and there was a splendid spring right on the crest.

Darkness found us occupying a circle about forty feet across, with stones and boulders and logs for shelter. We felt that we were safe from attack that night, but what would happen on the morrow was a matter for grave consideration. It was more than likely that a couple of hundred Indians would be brought up and take positions during the night.

None of us except the woman slept an hour all night long. We used loggers to loosen other boulders and roll them into the circle, and with our knives and hatchets we cut off limbs and cut down small trees and used them for chinking. We got the animals into a sort of gully below us and made their position as safe as possible, and when daylight came there was nothing more to be done. We had about 600 rounds of ammunition and could reckon on it lasting us at least three days, and we had food for the same time and an unlimited supply of water.

Daybreak found us ready for an attack. The colonel's wife took her place between two men, rifle in hand, and for half an hour we expected a sudden rush. At the end of that time a single warrior appeared to view and in broken English demanded our surrender. The sergeant answered defiantly, and three minutes later there was an unbroken circle of fire about us. Indians had mounted into the trees to the right and left of us to get a plunging fire, and from the crests of the lower hills they poured in their bullets at random.

At the end of an hour they ceased firing. Not a man of us had been touched, but stray bullets had killed one of the mules and wounded two horses. We looked for a rash now, and as we made ready for it the colonel's wife quietly sank down beside me and said:

"I've runned over sage hens and jack rabbits, and I ought to be able to hit an Indian. I'll look right in!" "You are as white as a ghost, ma'am," I replied as I turned to her. "But I am all right," she smilingly said. "and here they come!"

So they did. With every painted warrior yelling at the top of his voice the entire band charged us at once, taking in the whole circle. It was not until they got close up that we could see anything to shoot at, and every few seconds the shout cried out to us to hold our fire. It was over in five minutes. They had not expected to find us so strongly entrenched, and we knocked them over like tinpans.

I believe we killed or wounded a full score, and it took the fight out of them so thoroughly that not a rifle was fired again until afternoon. In this charge I was sure that the colonel's wife killed one warrior and wounded another.

Soon after 2 o'clock, and without the slightest warning, we were charged again, and for ten minutes it was a wild melee. We fired into their faces as they sprang upon the rocks, and of four warriors shot down outside the breastworks we had to give the colonel's wife credit for three. Even when the fight was at its wildest I was watching her, but with her Winchester at her eye she was taking aim and pulling trigger like a veteran of half a dozen battles. Her face was as white as that of a dead woman, but I do not believe she felt the least fear. It was the red men's supreme and final effort, and it was well for us that it was so. When we had beaten them off the sergeant and another lay dead, four men were badly wounded, and they had cut our animals out of the gulch and run them off. Had the attack been renewed the savages would have gained a victory in no time.

It was when we knew that the Indians were drawing off that the brave little woman, who had certainly done her share of the fighting, suddenly burst into tears and fainted away, and it was a quarter of an hour before we knew that it was hysterics, instead of a wound. She rallied after awhile, however, and it was her hands that bound up the hurts of the wounded and lovingly caressed the faces of those who had died defending her. We held our position the remainder of the day and through the night, and then, finding that the Indians had gone for good, we made our way back to the fort and restored the colonel's wife to his charge. I never came again after a few months and one day over 200 mounted Indians appeared in friendship, and their chief said to the colonel:

"We come in peace, and we come to see the woman who fought us on the hill by the two rivers. Bring her forth that we may touch her hands and look into her face and call her the 'Woman of Battle'."

M. QUAD.

Ring's Dyspepsia Tablets instantly relieve the stomach and aid digestion. They are as pleasant as loaf sugar and cure dyspepsia, sour risings, catarrh of the stomach and indigestion. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp.

## A woman suffering from Eczema saved from despair by D. D. D.

After being afflicted with eczema for nearly twelve years, which affected my face and body, I began to despair for I had used numerous remedies without avail until a friend advised the use of the D. D. D. Remedy. I purchased a bottle of C. C. Kelly, a local druggist, and the effect was immediate. I have used but two bottles, yet my skin is as clear as the day I was born, and unless the disease recurs again I shall always be an advocate of the D. D. D. Remedy. You may use my name as a reference and it will be a pleasure to me to be of benefit to the people afflicted in the manner I was, by answering all inquiries in regard to your wonderful remedy.

MRS. JAMES A. HRENS, Dixon, Ill., Jan. 7, '04.

### We vouch for this--absolutely.

It has been proven to us beyond the possibility of a doubt that a new medication known as D. D. D. clears up the worst skin affections quickly. Its work seems astonishing, amazing, almost miraculous. (It is a specific formula which, because of its discovery by Dr. Decatur Dennis, is known as "D. D. D.") Its actual record sounds like a story of magic. But there is no room for doubt about it whatever; full proofs indisputable in every respect, have been submitted to us regarding hundreds of cases among them the one case mentioned here of Mrs. Ahrens, who was cured in 21 days. The results are not only complete, but permanent; in this case it is now nearly two years since the disease was cleared out of the skin, and no taint of it has appeared since.

Each one of the known skin affections is parasitic in nature, and all of them have yielded to "D. D. D." The preparation is being used by most of the skin specialists. It is compounded for druggists solely by the D. D. D. Co., 70 Dearborn Street, Chicago. It is utilized by every family physician who has taken the trouble to investigate the work it is accomplishing. It is used in the Cook County Hospital, Chicago. It will clear away any parasitic break in the skin in from three days to sixty days time. Visit the undersigned and see proofs that will make you a happier human. \$1.00 buys the prescription—already made up in sealed bottles, with authentic label on each.

We not only sell at retail, but also supply druggists at wholesale prices. D. D. D. costs but \$1.00 a bottle, and is guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

H. F. VORKAMP,

"WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DISTRIBUTORS."

### An Age of Conscience.

It is an age of course effects, an age of advertisement. A poet could not conscientiously sing now about a rose left to bloom unseen, for exhibition trains would be sure to be arranged there at reduced rates. It is a confidential age, and we demand a confident as much as a matter of course as the heroine of the old fashioned Italian opera—in fact, we demand the undivided attention of the whole world. We sing our songs and listen greedily for the applause of the gallery; we meet with domestic misfortune, and we weep on the bosom of the divorce court, and the daily papers weep with us. We do not do good by stealth, but rather in such a way that we get a baronetcy or a decoration. So when you see a man all thick with little stars and things you will know that he is always a very great and charitable man indeed, and charity is not only thus bestowed on the poor. It is the beauty of charity that it is not bigoted.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Shakespeare's Cats. Shakespeare makes frequent references to the cat in his plays. Lady Macbeth tames her husband when he hangs back from the murder with her. Letting I dare not wait upon I would, like the poor cat I find the adage.

alluding to that animal's fondness for fish—"What cat's avers to fish?" but its unwillingness to wet its feet in catching them.

Fulstuf seizes upon another feature of the animal's character, so detested by all wakeful sleepers in towns: "Blood! I am as maliciously as a gib cat!" When Mercutio lings for a fray with Tybalt, he accuses him: "Good king of cats, I would have nothing but one of your nine lives. That I mean to make bold withal, and as you shall use me hereafter, dry beat the rest of the eight," and thereupon receives that celebrated "scratch" which was "not so deep as a well nor so wide as a church door."

CONSUMPTION THREATENED. I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption," says C. Unger, 211 Maple street, Champaign, Ill. "I tried a great many remedies and I was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, it cured me, and I have not been troubled since." For sale by H. F. Vorkamp and Wm. Melville.

Labor Day Fares, Pennsylvania Lines.

September 5th excursion tickets will be sold from all ticket stations on the Pennsylvania lines to any station on those line fifty miles or less from selling point. Return coupons good until September 6th. Inquire of Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents for further information. d&wt

Escaped an Awful Fate. Mr. H. Higgins, of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist. Price 50c and \$1 Trial bottles free.

ONLY \$56.25

Round trip to San Francisco or Los Angeles via Lake Erie and Western railroad. Tickets on sale daily Aug. 15th to Sept. 3rd inclusive. Good for return Oct. 23rd, 1904.

W. F. CARTER, D. P. A.

Great is Russian Strategy. St. Petersburg explains that the Russian plan to allow the Japanese to wear themselves out winning victories while being lured far into the interior of Manchuria is working beautifully.—Atlanta Constitution.

### THE HABIT OF SMOKING.

A well known local tobacco dealer was standing on the front steps of his establishment this afternoon, greatly enjoying a cigar, when a reporter who happened that way stopped, and soon a "chat" was under way on the subject of cigars. The veteran tobacco dealer immediately gave some interesting information thereon. He said, in part:

"It's really remarkable, considering the 12,000,000,000 cigars smoked in the United States every year, how few men really know how to smoke. There is one mistake in particular that even experienced smokers sometimes make; that is, in not keeping the tobacco burning properly.

"A large percentage, I should say, of all the cigars used are better on the outside than the inside. This isn't wholly to deceive the prospective buyer. It requires a good quality of leaf to shape the outside of a cigar, while the filler may be more readily composed of inferior tobacco. The smoker who permits his cigar to burn inside the wrapper loses the best part of it. The aroma is lost and the smoke is bitter and acid.

"Puffing on a cigar that is not burning properly only increases the difficulty. The smoker gets more of the smoke of the inside leaves, and the whole cigar becomes not from the effects of the increased combustion in the center of it. The proper thing, the only thing, to do is to light the cigar again, taking care the wrapper and all are included in the lighting. If this plan were followed a good many smokers wouldn't change their brand of cigars so often."—Hartford Times.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

### FINE FARM FOR SALE

In Darhought township, Auglaize county, Ohio, containing 130 acres fine farming land, thoroughly drained, good fences, good residence and other buildings. Good bank barn, fruit, good roads, school house and church 1/2 mile, good oil prospects; near railroad and interurban.

For information, write agent for heirs.

N. R. SWAN, Findlay, O. d&wt60-wed-sat-1f

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All druggists will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints, and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable.

July 4th.

Low Fares to California via Pennsylvania Lines.

August 15th to 27th inclusive, and 28th to Sept. 9th inclusive, excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles, account Triennial Convocation of Knights Templar and Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines. For full information regarding fares, routes, etc., apply to local ticket agent of those lines, or to S. W. Weedon, district passenger agent, Cleveland, O.

A PHYSICIAN HEALED.

Dr. Geo. Ewing, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with Foley's Kidney Cure: "For years I had been greatly bothered with kidney and bladder trouble and enlarged prostate gland. I used everything known to the profession without relief, until I commenced to use Foley's Kidney Cure. After taking three bottles, I was entirely relieved and cured. I prescribe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such troubles. I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success." Many persons in this community are suffering from kidney complaint who could avoid fatal results by using Foley's Kidney Cure. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp and Wm. Melville.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of John W. Clark, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of John W. Clark, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 19th day of August, A. D. 1904. W. R. APLAS.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Flora L. Curtis, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executrix of the estate of Flora L. Curtis, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 6th day of August, A. D. 1904. M. E. CURTIS.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Johanna Fitzmaurice, deceased. The undersigned have been appointed and qualified as executors of the estate of Johanna Fitzmaurice, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 8th day of July, A. D. 1904. THOS. FITZMAURICE, NELLIE FITZMAURICE, Wm. FITZMAURICE.

### SOFTNESS OF SEALSKIN.

Is Revived by Human Hair Where Dandruff is Headed.

Sealskin is admired the world over for its softness and glossiness; and yet the human hair is equally as soft and glossy when healthy; and the radiant cause of all hair trouble is dandruff, which is caused by a pestiferous parasite that saps the vitality of the hair at its root. Newbro's Herpicide is the only preparation that is fatal to the dandruff germ. Without dandruff there is no falling hair, but a luxuriant growth of glossy, soft hair is certain. Sealing the scalp won't cure dandruff. Kill the dandruff germ. Thousands of women owe their beautiful suits of hair to Newbro's Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Wm. M. Melville, Special Agent.

### We Particularly Invite

people who have never borrowed from us before, or have borrowed from some other concern to call in and let us explain our plan.

We want everything explained and understood. Your household goods, piano, horses, etc. will secure a loan for you.

Pay Back on Your Paydays.

25 weekly payments of \$1.15 pays \$25  
50 weekly payments of \$1.20 pays \$50  
50 weekly payments of \$1.30 pays \$75

Lima Chattel Loan Co.,

309 Opera House Bldg. Both Phones.

Union Barber Shop.

TWO FIRST CLASS BARBERS

and—

BEST BATH ROOM

in the City.

BANEY & SHEPARD,

Metropolitan Barber Shop.

JOHN M. BOOSE,

The Leading Real Estate and Loan Broker.

Homes and vacant lots for sale in all parts of the city. Real estate collector and manager. Money to loan at the lowest possible rate of interest. Notary public in office. Room 501 Bank Bldg. Both Phones

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST, with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Vermin wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSBOM,

Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 2 and 3, Holmes Bldg.

C. H. & D. RAILROAD.

No. South Bound.

7 Daily, leaves ..... 2:10 a.m.  
11 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves, 5:30 a.m.  
1 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves, 9:05 a.m.  
5 Daily, leaves ..... 12:41 p.m.  
3 Daily, leaves ..... 4:10 p.m.  
9 Daily, leaves ..... 6:10 p.m.  
13 Daily ..... 11:30 p.m.  
65 Sunday only ..... 7:10 a.m.

North Bound.

12 Daily, leaves ..... 2:35 a.m.  
14 Daily, ..... 5:30 a.m.  
2 Daily, leaves ex. Sunday, 7:55 a.m.  
6 Daily, leaves ..... 12:02 p.m.  
4 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves 4:40 p.m.  
8 Daily, leaves ..... 7:25 p.m.  
10 Daily ex. Sunday or only 9:35 p.m.  
60 Sunday only, leaves ..... 7:48 p.m.  
68 Sunday only arr. only ..... 9:55 p.m.

ERIE RAILROAD.

No. East Bound.

18 Daily ..... 12:33 a.m.  
8 Daily ..... 4:05 a.m.  
22 Daily ex. Sunday ..... 8:21 a.m.  
4 Daily ..... 5:58 p.m.  
14 Daily except Sunday ..... 9:32 p.m.

West Bound.

7 Daily ..... 12:55 a.m.  
9 Daily ..... 1:52 a.m.  
21 Daily ex. Sunday ..... 8:41 a.m.  
3 Daily ..... 11:35 a.m.  
13 Daily ex. Monday ..... 4:36 p.m.  
No. 21 makes connection with Clover Leaf at Ohio City.  
East bound night train No. 48 makes flag stops at Harrod and Alger.  
Nos. 9 and 48 are new trains between Buffalo and Chicago.

P. F. W. & C.

In effect, May 15, 1904.

No. East.

24 Pittsburg Special ..... 12:51 a.m.  
6 Daily ..... 7:25 a.m.  
36 Daily ..... 9:40 a.m.  
30 Daily, except Sunday, 2:15 p.m.  
22 Daily ..... 6:55 p.m.  
8 Daily ..... 9:30 p.m.  
2 Daily Limited ..... 11:09 p.m.

West.

15 Daily ..... 1:45 a.m.  
5 Daily Limited ..... 3:00 a.m.  
39 Daily except Sunday ..... 9:28 a.m.  
23 Daily, no coaches ..... 10:23 a.m.  
9 Daily ..... 2:40 p.m.  
35 Daily to St. Louis ..... 5:05 p.m.

J. W. REED, Agent.

DETROIT SOUTHERN.

Change of time on Detroit Southern Railroad, in effect January 31, 1904.

No. Going South.

1 Daily ex. Sunday ..... 2:35 p.m.  
3 Daily ex. Sunday ..... 6:00 a.m.  
21 Sunday only ..... 3:35 p.m.

Going North.

2 Daily ex. Sunday ..... 10:55 a.m.  
4 Daily ex. Sunday, or ..... 8:25 p.m.  
22 Sunday only, or ..... 10:55 a.m.  
Trains Nos. 1 and 3 run between Detroit, Mich., and Bainbridge, O.  
Trains O.Ns. 3 and 4 between Lima, Ohio, and Ironton, Ohio.  
Trains Nos. 21 and 22 run Sunday only, between Lima, O. and Bainbridge, Ohio.

L. E. & W. F. R.

No. Daily, leaves ..... 9:00 a.m.  
5 Daily, leaves ..... 4:23 p.m.  
3 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves ..... 4:00 a.m.  
7 Daily ex. Sunday, arrives ..... 5:10 p.m.

2 Daily ex. Sunday, leaves ..... 9:00 a.m.  
4 Daily, leaves ..... 11:50 p.m.  
1 Daily, leaves ..... 5:05 p.m.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

## The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE J. C. FITCH COMPANY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

## DAYS

## Of the Lightning Rod Agent

## Have Passed.

## Rods Now Seldom Seen on Houses.

## They Are Even Said to Be a Menace to Both Life and Property.

## How the Crooked Agent Used to Work and How He Brought the Business into Disrepute in America.

One of the busiest of the world's workers of a few years ago is disappearing. Ask yourself where is the lightning rod of twenty years ago? Where is the lightning rod that spiked every roof? Where is the lightning rod agent whose industries and devices ways so frequently left armies among the farmers in a dozen continuous counties?

Yet only the other day a fire insurance authority in New York was suggesting that popular record against the sewing machine agent should destroy the business of the sewing machine companies today, says the Chicago Tribune. Recently a bolt of lightning from a storm cloud struck a grain elevator in Houston and a million dollar fire resulted.

Of late years little attention has been given to protection from this hazard in the United States," said this New York authority. "Nevertheless, on the other side of the Atlantic there has been a constant thought in conspicuous employment of protecting conductors. Such protection deserves more serious consideration and more general introduction than now prevails and many intelligent property owners are seeking information, wishing aside from any insurance agents to protect their property against this menace.

## Lightning Rods a Menace.

It was from the other side of the Atlantic, however, that the lightning rod got its first knock. Blow from the French academy of sciences. At the time the world at large was experiencing the worst at the hands of the unscrupulous agent for the lightning rod. The question naturally arose should the public stand the drams of the system or repudiate the rod altogether? The French academy took up the proposition of effectiveness.

In general it was decided that the buildings most frequently struck were those provided with rods. It rested with the rod and with the mightiness of the stroke, whether the protection served a flash overloading the conductor made the conductor worse than useless. In substance the finding was against the rod on several heads. In the first case it was discovered that no building properly might be protected unless the conducting rod was at least an inch in diameter of solid copper of the relative fineness of the Lake Superior product. Even this was found valueless unless the end of the conductor was "carbed" in a copper plate of considerable size, planted deep enough to insure moisture for it in dry seasons of the year. Above all this it was shown that one of these rods under the best of conditions served to protect only the roof surface that lay within a cone whose circumference line was at an angle of only thirty degrees from the tip of the rod.

"The cost of such a protection was beyond its value," said a member of the firm of Holabird & Roche. "A rod of ordinary height in the center of an ordinary dwelling served the purpose of protecting the chimney, perhaps, and a certain central portion of the roof, leaving the four corners of the building doubly exposed. I say doubly because of the fact that the rod in the first place had the disposition to attract the element.

"Today the lightning rod never goes on the ordinary city residence. There is scarcely a skyscraper building that has such a thing. Most of the great chimneys in the manufacturing districts have rods, most of the church spires are equipped with them. But at the same time there are many architects and builders who never think of lightning rods unless the owner of the property suggests the precaution. One of the safest buildings in the world is the steel building. A few years ago the Tacoma building at Madison and LaSalle streets was struck by a bolt of lightning, but it was not injured. Since then I do not know of a steel building having been touched.

"Brick structures are the least disposed to ground electricity from a passing thunder cloud, and in the case of the brick chimney where the diameter is small, or in the church spire where the exposure is great and easily minimized, the rod is used. In the ordinary frame residence it is the generally accepted opinion that it needs

of all proportion to the building, would be worse than its having no rod."

**Chronology of the Device.**  
The chronology of the lightning rod in Chicago is interesting as it is indicated in the Chicago city directory in the last thirty-four years. The golden age of the contrivance is erroneously indicated as having been the year 1878, when there were ten lightning rod manufacturers, jobbers and dealers in the business. Its waning is shown strongly in 1903, when only four firms in the business are indicated some of these sharing the rod business with other metal lines. In numbers the concensus dealing in rods since 1867 are as follows:

| Year | Houses. | Year | Houses |
|------|---------|------|--------|
| 1867 | 7       | 1888 | 7      |
| 1870 | 9       | 1890 | 9      |
| 1872 | 7       | 1892 | 8      |
| 1875 | 7       | 1894 | 8      |
| 1879 | 10      | 1898 | 5      |
| 1882 | 7       | 1900 | 5      |
| 1886 | 6       | 1903 | 4      |

Considering the life of the lightning rod, however, these figures are not fairly comparative. Chicago in 1867 with seven firms dealing in lightning rods, shows really an enormous business in that line when compared with the four firms in the business in 1903. It was in the early '70's that the business directory of the Lakeside volume entertained the lightning rod dealer with illustrated and catchy wood cuts of the time. The vivid lightning flash from the ominous thunder cloud striking the barbed tip of the conducting rod on house, church, or barn or factory was a thing in itself to have made converts in those days. It needed only the wily and talkative rod agent in the country lanes and village streets to wind whole counties into the entangling meshes of contracts, signed notes and scintillating rods having ornamental balls and weather vanes of striking and brassy patterns.

**How the Crooked Agent Worked.**  
Perhaps not even the farmer of that day who found himself struck upon the chain string of the lightning rod agent, could explain just how it was done. He admitted signing things. These were papers in various colors, perhaps, and in the glib explanation of the agent they meant nothing more than a formality. The house simply insisted that he turn them in. They were almost less than mere forms.

But before the lightning rod wagon came up with the gang of men prepared for the execution of the job the farmer frequently had heard of some of these papers. The local banker most often called his attention to one of them. It was a regular promissory note for \$100 or \$200 or more, and much more. If the farmer did not know about the note and disputed the cash of the bank would ask if it was not the farmer's signature at the bottom. It was the farmer could not dispute the fact. Then the farmer was reminded of the fate of the man whose signature in any way came at the bottom of a promissory note, especially when that note had come into the hands of an "innocent" purchaser.

And it was this "innocence" of the purchasers of such notes that made the work of the crooked lightning rod agent easier than his falling off the wagon and much easier than his being knocked off it. These notes were made for amounts covering the elaborate scheme for rodding up the barns, chicken houses, smokehouses, dwelling houses, and, perhaps, even a shade tree or two. The farmer who had been "stuck" with the note would much rather have set three bull dogs on the construction gang, only that he would break nearer even with the company by having the gang go ahead and place the rods, insulators, gilded balls, and veering weather vanes.

A big barn might have six points fitted into the air from the roof ridge. The dwelling house would have every gable and dormer roof and every chimney protected by one of these scintillating spires. Hundreds of feet of costly copper rod or inexpensive wrought iron would be wound around the farmer's building, the farmer paying the top price.

**Joke Was on the Farmer.**  
The lightning rod wagon was very unique. Nothing in the shape of a road vehicle has approached it. It would be as long as a small hook and ladder truck. The driver's seat was perched high over the front wheels. Behind was the long stretch of level wagon bed, while along each side of it were boxed in the two compartments into which the precious rods were stored. Spanning teams that distinguished these wagons might have served the double purpose of getting over the roads with business speed or in getting the construction gang away from some pursuing mob of farmers intent upon evening up community wrongs. The outfit for the road in any case was picturesque, and in the humor of the day, the lightning rod agent even led the mother-in-law in the comic publications.

The trickeries of the agent at large brought the business of the lightning rod manufacturer and dealer into disrepute. From the questioning of the dealer and his agents the opinion of the public set against the lightning rod itself. The statement became current that an iron rod was as good as a copper rod. The idea of three tips to each iron rod was laughed at. The opinion was that the tip to

man was quite right in the old story of his discussion with the agent.

"Why, Mr. Dooley," insisted the agent, "this rod will draw lightning half a mile."

"Will it now?" said Pat. "Thin d'ye see the hill over beyond? That's half a mile—stick it oop there—an good day to ye."

**Sick Headache.**  
"For several years my wife was troubled with what physicians called sick headache of a very severe character. She doctored with several eminent physicians and at a great expense, only to grow worse until she was unable to do any kind of work. About a year ago she began taking Chamberlain's stomach and liver pills and today weighs more than she ever did before and is real well," says Mr. Geo. E. Wright, of New London, New York. For sale by all drug stores.

**ANOTHER PRACTICAL JOKER AND HIS "JOKE."**

At Flushing, L. I., the other day Harold Baker, a young man who may some day amount to something in this world if he speedily and thoroughly changes his ways and succeeds in acquiring a new idea of what constitutes fun, cut open an apple and, having made a hollow place in it, filled the hole with cayenne pepper. He then replaced the skin of the apple so as to make it look natural and gave the fruit to a 4 year old boy, informing him that it was nice and juicy, and that he might eat it. The child took a bite and got his mouth full of the pepper, the result being that he was thrown into convulsions, which lasted from 6 o'clock in the evening until 2 o'clock on the following morning. For two or three hours the doctors who had been summoned feared they would be unable to save the suffering little boy's life, but it is hoped now that he will recover, although his nervous system received such a shock that he may not for years get over the effects of his experience.

This is simply the old, old practical joke in a new way. Of course the joke is a very old one and of course he is explaining that he "didn't" think. Practical jokers never do think. That's the great trouble with them. If they were capable of thinking they wouldn't play practical jokes, which nearly always result in disaster for somebody. It is a pity that there is not some way to deal with practical jokers before they operate. Perhaps some day some one will discover how to dispose of the practical joke problem. It may be that one of the many islands which have come into the possession of the United States can be set aside as a "practical jokers' colony," so that when ever anyone begins to exhibit practical joke symptoms he may be sent there for life. Thus concentrated the practical jokers might play their joke on one another without fear of our side interference. Such a scheme would certainly come within the meaning of poetic justice. —Chicago Record Herald.

|           | AB | R | H | PO | A | E |
|-----------|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| Johnson   | 5  | 1 | 2 | 1  | 1 | 0 |
| Grant     | 2  | 1 | 2 | 2  | 0 | 2 |
| LaRue     | 5  | 1 | 0 | 0  | 2 | 0 |
| Cornell   | 3  | 0 | 0 | 3  | 0 | 1 |
| O'Connell | 5  | 0 | 1 | 2  | 0 | 0 |
| King      | 5  | 0 | 1 | 4  | 0 | 0 |
| Gormley   | 5  | 0 | 0 | 1  | 1 | 0 |
| Dunlap    | 3  | 1 | 2 | 1  | 1 | 0 |
| Boyd      | 4  | 1 | 2 | 0  | 1 | 1 |
| Totals    | 34 | 6 | 9 | 24 | 5 | 4 |

**FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE.**  
Will cure Bright's Disease.  
Will cure Diabetes.  
Will cure Stone in Bladder.  
Will cure Kidney and Bladder Disease.  
Foley's Kidney Cure will cure all diseases arising from disordered kidneys or bladder. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp and Wm. M. Melville.

**COLUMBUS AND RETURN \$1.00.**  
From Wapakoneta, next Sunday via Ohio Central lines, may-24-eod-oct-29

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Sells Everywhere  
Charles H. Fletcher

**Insufficient Cause.**  
"There, mamma, I don't believe that your friend, Mrs. Newby, was in the manner born."

"Hush, dear. She's worth three millions in her own right."

"That's hardly enough to justify a woman in trying to eat soft boiled eggs with a fork." —Detroit Free Press

**Tough Floor.**  
Mrs. Youngbride: I've come to complain of that floor you sent me. Baker—What was the matter with it? Mrs. Youngbride—It was tough. I made some pastry with it, and it was as tough as my husband could do to cut it.

**The Greater Blessing.**  
Jawkins: Ah, my boy, it's a fine thing to have a friend whom you can trust.  
Pawkins: It's a jolly sight better to have one who will trust you, old man.—Ally Sloper.

**Under the Earth.**  
Doctor No: I shall not pay you. You have spoiled the pavement and then covered it up with earth to hide your bad work. Paver—Doctor, mine is not the only bad work the earth hides.

**Her Secret.**  
He—Can you keep a secret? She—Yes, on one condition. He—What is that? She (frankly)—Provided I don't know it.

Daedalus was riding through the clouds when Bellerophon came along on Pegasus.

"Your flying machine is wobbly," said Bellerophon. "I think you've gone against some highballs up here."

"Wrong again," said Daedalus. "I'm just out on a lark—a skylark, as it were."

Inasmuch as Daedalus was never witty when sober Bellerophon was not a fool when drunk.

## HOT

## Finish Wash't Cooled Off

## By a Change

## Of Pitchers in the Game With the Hoosiers.

## Lima Took the Second Contest With Fast Bunch From Columbia City.

## George Faurot Was Found in the Fifth Inning and Justiz Was Substituted to Save Lima From Defeat.

Lima and Columbia City, Ind., had another tilt at Wheeler park yesterday afternoon in which the local team again came out victorious. Geo. Faurot was tried out in the box for six innings, and while he did well enough in the early part of the game he went up against a bombardment in the fifth that came near to a gift of the contest to the Hoosiers. Faurot was touched up for four safe hits in regular order and a wild throw helped the visitors to bring four runs over the plate, enough to tie the score.

Columbia City made double the number of hits, but failed to take the risks in base running, or the score would have looked different. In the seventh inning, Justiz relieved Faurot and pitched a steady game, being ably supported. He was only credited with one strike out, but kept the batters down to easy chances. The Hoosiers had a chance to tie the game in the first of the ninth after Grant was given a life, but he was the only one to get home before the side was retired. The following tabulated table tells the story.

|           | AB | R | H | PO | A | E |
|-----------|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| Johnson   | 5  | 1 | 2 | 1  | 1 | 0 |
| Grant     | 2  | 1 | 2 | 2  | 0 | 2 |
| LaRue     | 5  | 1 | 0 | 0  | 2 | 0 |
| Cornell   | 3  | 0 | 0 | 3  | 0 | 1 |
| O'Connell | 5  | 0 | 1 | 2  | 0 | 0 |
| King      | 5  | 0 | 1 | 4  | 0 | 0 |
| Gormley   | 5  | 0 | 0 | 1  | 1 | 0 |
| Dunlap    | 3  | 1 | 2 | 1  | 1 | 0 |
| Boyd      | 4  | 1 | 2 | 0  | 1 | 1 |
| Totals    | 34 | 6 | 9 | 24 | 5 | 4 |

|           | AB | R | H | PO | A  | E |
|-----------|----|---|---|----|----|---|
| Welch     | 3  | 0 | 1 | 3  | 2  | 2 |
| F. Sealts | 1  | 0 | 2 | 5  | 0  | 0 |
| Hadding   | 3  | 0 | 0 | 5  | 0  | 1 |
| Watson    | 4  | 1 | 1 | 0  | 0  | 0 |
| Eggert    | 4  | 1 | 1 | 2  | 1  | 1 |
| Schlatter | 6  | 3 | 0 | 10 | 0  | 0 |
| Burns     | 4  | 1 | 0 | 1  | 2  | 0 |
| R. Sealts | 1  | 0 | 0 | 1  | 0  | 0 |
| Faurot    | 3  | 0 | 0 | 6  | 2  | 0 |
| Justiz    | 1  | 0 | 0 | 0  | 3  | 0 |
| Totals    | 30 | 7 | 5 | 27 | 10 | 4 |

Two base hits—Watson, F. Sealts and Boyd, struck out by Faurot 3, by Justiz 1, by Boyd 3, base on balls off Faurot 1, off Justiz 3, off Boyd 7. Empire Club.

**National League, Yesterday's Results.**  
Pittsburg 5, New York 3.  
New York 1, Pittsburg 0.

**Games Today.**  
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.  
Boston at St. Louis.  
Philadelphia at Pittsburg.  
New York at Chicago.

**How They Stand.**  
Clubs Won Lost PC  
New York 74 31 705  
Chicago 65 40 618  
Pittsburg 61 43 587  
Cincinnati 63 46 577  
St. Louis 58 50 573  
Boston 41 68 336  
Brooklyn 37 70 346  
Philadelphia 29 79 262

**American League.**  
Boston 14, St. Louis 1.  
Cleveland 4, Philadelphia 3.  
New York 1, Chicago 0.  
Washington 7, Detroit 2.  
Detroit 5, Washington 2.

**Games Today.**  
Cleveland at Washington.  
Detroit at Philadelphia.  
St. Louis at New York.  
Chicago at Boston.

**How They Stand.**  
Clubs Won Lost PC  
New York 62 40 608  
Boston 63 42 600  
Chicago 63 44 588  
Philadelphia 58 42 520  
Cleveland 57 45 550  
Detroit 45 58 437  
St. Louis 40 60 400  
Washington 23 80 223

**Better Than Gold.**  
"I had diabetes in its worst form," writes Marion Lee, of Dunreath, Ind. "I tried eight physicians without relief. Only three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made me a well man." It is a medicine free from poisons and will cure any case of kidney disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp and Wm. M. Melville.

Sleep is said to be healthful, and no one seems to know it better than the

## HOSTETTERS



## STOMACH BITTERS

Take a dose of the Bitters before meals and you'll enjoy them. It restores the appetite and gives power to properly digest the food. Then it also cures Sick Headache, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Insomnia and Malaria. Try a Bottle.

**THE WORLD'S WHEAT CROP.**

Estimates of the wheat crop which were printed in the Chicago Record-Herald, Monday, put the total yield of this country at 533,000,000 bushels. This would indicate a reduction from the yield of last year of about 100,000,000 bushels, while the figures are more than 200,000,000 below those of 1901 and more than 120,000,000 below those of 1902. It should be noted, however, that they come pretty close to those of 1900 and 1899, being slightly in excess of the one and slightly below the other, and that only twice before 1899 did the crop amount to as much as 600,000,000 bushels.

But again, while this is true, it is to be noted also that there is not a falling off merely but a very serious loss owing to unfavorable weather conditions. Earlier expectations have been disappointed and furthermore, reports indicate that there is a short crop in many countries. Canada has been hit like the United States, the estimates in Manitoba being reduced by one-half. We learn also from a general review in the London Economist that the English crop will be much below the average, and that of the entire United Kingdom a meagre one. In France there will be a reduction of about 33 per cent from the yield of last year. Austria-Hungary, Spain, Italy, Roumania and Russia are all sufferers. Damage by drought has seriously affected the prospects in the Argentine, and India seems to furnish the only marked exception to the generally discouraging returns. Her crop of last spring was 372,000,000 bushels, the largest in her history, and the Economist says: "If wanted in Europe India, accordingly has an enormous surplus which would be attracted by a moderate advance in the price."

This surplus, however, is not large enough to make up the deficit in other countries, and it is certain that the world's crop will be the smallest produced in recent years. At the same time this country is fortunate in the prospect of a large yield of Indian corn. The estimate is 2,190,000,000 bushels, which would give a crop far above the average and second only to that of 1902.

## Mysterious Circumstances.

One was pale and sallow and the other fresh and rosy. Whence the difference? She who is blushing with health uses Dr. King's New Life Pills to maintain it. By gently arousing the lazy organs they compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25c at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store.

## YOUR SUMMER OUTING.

A duty all people owe themselves that they may live long and prosper, is to take a certain amount of recreation. Brainworkers especially owe this to themselves. Their work is laborious and monotonous, and they should seek some means to have a change for a week or two at least, in some manner which is entirely different to what they see around them. The least expensive and most enjoyable we can recommend is a water trip. The accommodations are first-class in every way and very reasonable. Send 2c stamp for illustrated pamphlet.

## A. A. SCHANTZ.

G. S. & P. T. Mgr.  
Detroit, Mich.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Charles H. Fletcher

SOLDIERS' HOME SPECIAL

Via C. H. & D. Ry. Thursday, Aug. 25th. Occasion of the Bowsher-De Long-Reichelderfer-Mowery outing. A special train will leave Lima at 6:15 a. m. with all coaches and baggage car to run through to the home. The rate will be only \$1.00. Children 50c. An invitation is extended to everybody to join this special train. Inquire of F. A. Burkhardt, ticket agent.

**Better Than Gold.**

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. F. Vorkamp.

**Cholera Infantum.**

This disease has lost its terrors since Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy came into general use. The uniform success which attends the use of this remedy in all cases of bowel disorder in children has made it a favorite wherever its value has become known. For sale by

**WHEN**

**Greek Meets Greek**

**Then**

**'Twill Be Bad**

**For the Packer's End of Fight.**

**Scare Created Among Strikers by Sight of U. S. Regulars on Train.**

**Two Car Loads of Strike Breakers Brought Into Chicago Over the Monon Railroad Under Heavy Police Guard.**

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Thomas Stokel, business agent of the Port Cella Men's union, announced today that six non-union Greeks from the Armory plant had been initiated into the union after which they returned to the stock yards enclosure, promising to lead out 1,500 other non-union Greeks. The majority of the Greeks are new arrivals from Ellis Island. They had their fares paid from the immigrant station. The Greek clergy and Greek business interests are reported as making every effort to influence the 1,500 to leave because of the strikers action in declaring boycotts against Greek business houses by way of reprisal.

Fifty colored women strike breakers left the stock yards today, proclaiming that they had deserted the packers. Superintendent W. Farris, of Nelson Morris & Co., however, asserted that the work of the women had been unsatisfactory and that they were discharged.

A scare was created among the strikers today by the appearance of United States regular troops on a train that rolled into the stock yards district wholly unannounced. The train consisted of four Pullman cars, five flat cars, loaded with ordnance and equipment of a battery of the 14th United States artillery. The battery came in from the east enroute to Fort Sheridan over the Erie railroad. It stopped for thirty minutes at the 40th street entrance to the stock yards while locomotives were changed and the horses were watered. Word quickly spread that the packers had succeeded in bringing federal troops to their relief and intense excitement resulted. The alarm died away when a Chicago and Northwestern locomotive was attached and hauled the troops on to Fort Sheridan.

Two car loads of strike breakers were brought in under heavy police guard over the Monon railroad.

**Woman Attacked.**

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Anna Clark, a forewoman for Nelson Morris has been attacked by girl pickets while riding on a street car. A lively fight followed in which hat pins were the weapons used. Miss Clark was severely injured and removed to her home by the police. She recognized several of her assailants and secured warrants for their arrest.

The packers resumed the importation of strike breakers on a large scale today. A special train load arrived over the Erie.

**Donnelly Back in Chicago.**

Chicago, Aug. 24.—President Donnelly, the leader of the stock yards strikers, returned from Indianapolis today, after having made a special trip to the Miners' Association for financial aid. President Donnelly had received no definite reply from the miners when he left. He declared, however, he had every reason to anticipate aid.

Mr. Donnelly conferred with his principle chiefs and then hurried to the regular session of the Allied Trades' conference board where he made a report.

When asked what he thought of a settlement through the proposed action of the city council, the head of the Butcher's organization said he did not place much hope in it. He said he was not aware of any other proceedings.

**TWO STRIKES EFFECT**

**TWO THOUSAND MEN.**

Pittsburg, Aug. 24.—Two strikes, affecting 2,000 men, were declared today by the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers against the plants of the Republic Iron and Steel Company of the south side and the Monongahela Steel and Iron Company, near McKeesport. The refusal of the companies to abide by the association wage agreement is the cause of the strike order.

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## BOYS

May Be Wanted at Salem.

### Message Sent

To Police Department of the Town.

Detective Alexander's Prisoners Had a Collection of Coins.

An L. E. & W. Special Officer Starts a Kindergarten at the Police Station. Mayor's Court Cases.

Henry and Andrew Hamaschel, Harrison Phiney and Peter Furman, the four boys from Salem, O., who were arrested and taken off of a west bound Pennsylvania freight train by Detective Ed. Alexander, yesterday afternoon may be taken back to Salem to answer to a charge of robbery or burglary instead of being held here on either the charge of unlawfully riding or breaking a car seat. The boys were placed in the "sweet box" by Detective Alexander and Capt. Stoll, of Ft. Wayne this morning, and two of them when questioned concerning a collection of old coins that were found in the possession of young Phiney, stated that they had been stolen from a trunk in their home town. Capt. Stoll sent a message to the police department at Salem and will await a reply before disposing of the four young prisoners.

#### Arrested for Robbery.

John West, an ex-convict who has made this city his headquarters since his last release from the Ohio penitentiary, was arrested about 12 o'clock last night by Policemen Grant and a warrant brought here by a Jackson township constable. The prisoner was turned over to the officer from Lafayette and was taken to that hamlet for arraignment before Mayor John Akerman, on a charge of having stolen the sum of ten dollars. The affidavit in the case against West was signed by Mrs. Elizabeth Stager, living three miles from Lafayette, who claims that West drove with her on a business errand in the country and stole the money from her pocket-book which was in a basket in the buggy.

#### Kindergarten Department.

Special Officer Cunningham of the L. E. & W. yesterday, arrested Chas. Downey and Willis McCray for picking up and at the L. E. & W. coal chute, and today arrested Charles Schwab, aged 16, and George Monigan, aged 14, on the same charge. The Downey boy was dismissed, McCray is to appear before the mayor, Friday and the two boys arrested this morning were released with instructions to appear tomorrow morning.

Laura White, charged with disoncity, admitted not guilty and will be tried tomorrow.

#### NOTICE L. A. TO A. O. H.

There will be a meeting Thursday evening of the Ladies Auxiliary to Division No. 2, A. O. H., in St. Johns hall on south Main street. A full attendance is requested as there is business of importance to be transacted. By order.

#### COUNTY PRESIDENT.

KING AND QUEEN, THE HIGH DIVING HORSES AT McBETH PARK, WEEK OF AUG. 28. GREATEST FEATURE EVER APPEARING IN LIMA.

#### REV. THOMSON

Called East by the Death of a Relative.

Rev. R. J. Thomson, who returned last night from Athens, with the local military companies, received a message this morning announcing the death of his mother's brother, Mr. James Hunter at Syracuse, N. Y. Rev. Thomson will leave for there this afternoon to attend the funeral and will not return until next week. Mr. Hunter had reached the ripe age of 81 years. Two years ago he retired from active business life, in which he was prominent. During his career he held several public offices, and was for many years a Mason.

With Mr. Hunter's death the last of his line in this country passed away.

#### BORN

A brand new idea. A tooth brush with a flexible handle. Wonderfully pleasing. Say "P.S. (Proprietary) please," to your adult dealer.

Also—Adult's, Youth's, Child's—at all dealers. Always add the yellow box.

## USED A SHOT GUN TO END HIS LIFE.

Osburn Bowsher, a Young Farmer Commits Suicide Because He Is Not Given Permission to Drive to Buckland.

Osburn Bowsher, a well known young farmer of Anglaize county who resided with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Bowsher, three and one half miles south of Hume, killed himself last night by blowing the top of his head off with a load of shot which he fired from his father's shot gun. Young Bowsher is said to have killed himself over a very trivial matter. Last evening he asked permission of his parents to use a horse and buggy from the stables on the farm, to go to the hamlet of Buckland a few miles distant. The parents refused to grant the request and a short time after wards, the young man went to his room on the second floor of the farm house. The parents supposed he had gone to the room to retire for the night, but a few minutes later they were startled to hear the report of a gun shot upstairs, and hurrying to their son's room, they were horrified to find him lying in a pool of blood on the floor of his room. The youth was dead when they reached him and the fatal weapon was lying on the floor near the body. The coroner of Anglaize county was notified and he will investigate the case.

## NEARLY TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND MORE MEN

Will Be Added to the Thirty Thousand Strikers Now Out When Other Unions Lay Down Their Tools.

New York, Aug. 24.—Nearly 25,000 and Safety Engineers Union, 1,800; United Derrick Men, Riggers and Pointers' Union, 1,000; Journeymen Stone Cutters Union, 4,000; Riggers Protective Union, 500; Amalgamated Painters Society, 3,500; Reliance Labor Club of Marble cutters, 4,000; Amalgamated Blue Stone Cutter Union, 3,000; Salamander Association Pipe and Boiler Fitters, 1,500, and House Shoppers and Mover's Union, 1,000; total 24,600.

## CITY SOLICITOR SERIOUSLY STABBED.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 24.—Harry F. Payer, assistant city solicitor, was stabbed in the neck by Thos. Graves, his father-in-law in the Arcade building today, following a quarrel between the two men. Payer's wound is said to be serious. Graves was promptly placed under arrest.

## HEAVY TRADERS IN COTTON GO TO WALL.

Market Received One of Greatest Surprises in History When Suspension of Page & Co. Was Announced on Exchange Today.

New Orleans, Aug. 24.—The cotton market received one of the greatest surprises in its history this morning when, three quarters of an hour after the opening, the well known firm of H. F. Page & Co., posted an announcement to the effect that it was unable to meet further calls for margins. Up to that time the market promised to be quiet, almost as quiet as yesterday. The market was active but on the reading of this notice the ring was thrown into the wildest confusion and in an instant prices soared as the traders endeavored to buy cotton to save themselves. October and December within a minute's time went up 31 and 32 points. The confusion about the ring was all the greater because the interest of the market range all the way from 50,000 to 100,000 bales. The firm is composed of H. Frels Page, William A. Bres, and Alfred F. Page.

## THIS METHOD IS GETTING TOO COMMON.

Peterson, N. J., Aug. 24.—Four masked men held up the paymaster of the O'Rourke Construction Co., a Mr. White on the ridge road near here today, and robbed him of \$5,000. The paymaster accompanied by two other men, was on his way to the office of the company, driving in a buggy when four masked men, one an American completely masked, and three Italians, wearing green goggles, came out of the woods. The American shot the horse. The robbers covered the three occupants of the buggy with guns and got away with the bag of money, which was in the bottom of the buggy.

#### FULLER'S

Brigade Will Hold Reunion at Columbus.

Notices have been received by the members of Fuller's brigade, 27th, 32nd, 42nd and 63rd regiments of a reunion to be held in the council chamber at Columbus, Tuesday, Aug. 30, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. Excursion rates for the purpose have been offered by the various railroads, and the reunion promises to be a large one. Hon. H. S. Propher was a member of the brigade and expects to be present to meet his old comrades.

#### CONTINUED VIOLATION.

Of Neutrality Laws Will Force Russia to Regard China as a Hostile Nation.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—8:21 a. m.—The Novosti today says: "Continued violation of neutrality laws in the Chinese ports by the Japanese will compel Russia to regard the Chinese empire, or at least part thereof, as being within the sphere of active hostilities. China lacks either the power or the inclination to prevent Japanese invasions, while the neutral powers will watch these violations."

## HELD

Up the Contract Again

### And the Boord

And Mowen Bros. Are Still at Differences.

Special Meeting Was Called for Consideration of Important Business.

Changes Made in the Closets at the New Building and a Settlement With the Fidelity Coal Company.

Following the regular session of the board of education Monday night, a special meeting was held last night for the transaction of several important matters that could not hold over. The meeting failed, however, in bringing about a final decision on the contract prepared by Mowen Bros., for the laying of additional sewers and new friction was caused between the contractors and the board.

Mr. Mowen's alternate bid of the lump price made, came up for consideration, but when the contract was read it was discovered that \$5 a day for superintending the work, in addition to the 10% had been added. The board, without exception sat down on the contract, and President Prophet also sat down on Contractor Ed. Mowen, who was not present to take part in the proceedings. The president remarked that the board would not only refuse to pay the demand, but if Mr. Mowen proceeded to lay the cement floors in the basement before the sewer question was settled, there would be trouble. The clerk was instructed to notify the contractors that their original proposition of ten per cent, less the \$5 a day, would be accepted.

On motion of Dr. Bates, a change was made in the closets at the high school, from individual to range, similar to the system installed at the Garfield building, which has given perfect satisfaction.

Representatives of the Fidelity Coal Co. were present to have the board pay the balance due on the contract. A portion of the money was held up on account of the breaking of several flag stones at the west building, where the wagons had driven over the sidewalk. It was shown that the drivers had been told by the janitor where to make their approach, and an examination of the damage discovered that the breaks were old ones except the crushing of several corners. The bill was allowed after the explanations had been listened to.

Mr. Klatt made a motion that the city repair the pavements at several of the buildings, where they have been reported in bad condition.

The members present at the meeting were: Prophet, Terwilliger, Blatterberg, Metheny, Bates, Klatt, Fredericks, Donahue and Miss Disman.

#### CHAMPION OPENER.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 24.—Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, opened the republican campaign in Montana with an address here late today. Secretary Shaw was the guest of former Senator Thomas Carter, and will be tendered a public reception this afternoon.

#### PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Adaline Trame, of Delphos, is visiting with friends in this city.

Miss Mary Kindley, of Delphos, is the guest of friends.

Mr. Daniel Baker, of 601 south West street, has gone to Indianapolis, on account of the illness of his brother.

Mrs. A. M. Thibodeau has returned from a pleasant visit with friends in Toledo and Michigan.

Miss Anna Maguire, of north Main street, is visiting relatives in Cincinnati.

Chas. W. Myers and family, of east Kirby street, have returned from a pleasant visit in Lexington, Ky.

Bernard Shearon, of Lafayette, Ind., is spending his vacation with his mother, Mrs. Theresa Kelly, of north Elizabeth street.

Mrs. E. W. Stover, of south Pine street, is home from a delightful outing at Winona Assembly, Ind.

Miss Anna Rinehart returned yesterday to her home in Toledo, after a visit with her cousins, the Misses Kinnane, of north Jackson street, and Miss Sadie O'Connor, of east McKibben street.

Mrs. Peter Laughlin and sons Arthur and Mike leave tomorrow morning to visit in De Soto, Mo., and the world's fair city.

Mrs. Geo. Kerr and daughter Mabel and Miss Ida Pate returned home yesterday after a weeks visit at Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Jamestown and other points.

## PEACE

Warrant Comes From Monroe Township.

Lewis Maas Gives Bond to Prevent an Assault

Which Benton Teegarden Declares Has for Long Time Been Pre-meditated—Ask to Set Aside Mortgage.

Justice C. W. Westbay, of Monroe township has filed a peace warrant for record with the county clerk. The complainant is Benton Teegarden, who declares he has reason to fear Lewis Maas, the latter having threatened to do him bodily injury. Maas furnished bond in the sum of \$150, and he will forfeit that amount if Teegarden suffers an assault at his hands.

#### To Set Aside Mortgage.

Application was made in petition filed yesterday by Ruth Ashton, guardian of Mrs. Sallie Ashton, to have a note and mortgage set aside on the grounds of fraudulent transfer. Prudence Shepard is named as defendant and it is charged that the note and mortgage was secured on the representation that Mack Ashton, husband of Ruth Ashton, died owing the defendant money. It is claimed that Ruth Ashton was infirm and incapable, mentally, of transacting business at the time of the transfer.

You little knew when first we met That some day you would be The lucky fellow I'd choose to let Pay for my Rocky Mountain Tea. H. F. Vortkamp.

## LED

Captive to the Altar

### And the Prize

Was Another of Lima's Fair Daughters.

Dr. Eger, of Delphos, Secures Miss Jennie Arthur as His Bride

And the Latter Does Not Return to Her Home a Stranger, Having Taught in Delphos Schools For Several Years.

A pretty wedding in which Lima and Delphos joined hands in congratulation, occurred at high noon today at the residence of T. M. Arthur, of north Metcalf street. It called for the giving away of the eldest daughter of the household, Miss Jennie Arthur, into the keeping of Dr. L. J. Eger, a popular young physician of Delphos.

Miss Arthur, while claiming Lima as her home, has maintained a closer relationship with the society people of Delphos, as she has been a teacher in the public schools of the latter town for a number of years. It was then the acquaintanceship which ripened into love was made and Dr. Eger, himself popular with the people where he is building up his profession, is a serving of the conquest.

The wedding was performed by Rev. A. O. Raber, of Delphos, assisted by Rev. Swanson, who pronounced the prayer and blessing at the feast which followed the ceremony. There were about fifty guests present, including relatives of the contracting parties and many friends from both Lima and Delphos. The wedding dinner was served beneath tents erected on the lawn, and an orchestra rendered sweet music during the hour of festivities that followed the warmest of congratulations.

Dr. and Mrs. Eger will make their home in Delphos, where a handsome home has been fitted up for the reception of the bride.

#### ADMIRAL WATSON RETIRED.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Rear Admiral John Watson today was placed on the retired list of the navy, having reached the age of sixty two years. He entered the service in September 1856, served during the civil war and in the war with Spain, was placed in command of the eastern squadron which was fitted out for a cruise across the Atlantic to bombard the coast towns of Spain, but which did not sail, owing to the fact that the war closed. He was appointed from Kentucky of which state he is a native. At present, Rear Admiral Watson is traveling in Europe for pleasure and incidentally is inquiring into the methods of moral training for the men in the foreign navies. He will make an exhaustive report on this subject to the secretary of the navy when he returns.

## The Lima Dry Goods Co.

### An Opportunity

## New Fall Dress Goods.

With careful buyers, economy is always in order. For this season we think these late August offerings will not fall short of appreciation.

**Colored Dress Goods.** We mention just a few items out of our complete stock. 35 4n plain and mixed suitings including the season's latest weaves. 50C YARD.

48 inch suitings, the newest fall fabrics and colorings, a popular weave for tailor made suits. \$1.00 YARD.

52 inch Cheveron chevets in navy and brown effects. \$1.25 YARD.

#### New Wash Fabrics.

Heavy cotton materials for fall are sharing space at wash goods counters with the hurrying out of summer fabrics.

In unusually handsome pattern, are the Raye crepe flannels. This cloth is a corded effect having a crepe like face fleeced back, all colors, including Persian figures. 12 1/2 C YARD.

#### Outing Flannels.

1 lot outing flannels, regular quality, dark and medium colors to have them quick. 8C YARD.

Special prices on muslin and summer underwear, corsets, laces and calicoes.

#### Kid Gloves for Fall.

1 lot colored and black kid gloves, elastic fasteners, high grade material, regular \$1.00 quality, on sale at 75C PAIR.

As the fall season advances our stock becomes more complete. If you are contemplating buying ready made garments buy here. As past experience has proven that our garments are bought right and priced right. Tailor made suits, Rainy Day Coats, Small Fur, Separate Skirts.

1 lot silk shirt waists, made of Lean De Sole and Taffeta Silks. Made to sell at \$5.00. Nine colors, blue, pink, black. \$2.98 While They Last.

#### Flannelettes.

Greatest collection ever shown by us. 27 inch ..... 10C 35 inch ..... 15C

Now fall coloring, latest patterns, see them.

Buy summer wash goods now. About 1/2 price. Even if you lay them away until next season. It'll pay.

## Are you going to study Music or Elocution somewhere?

THEN WRITE THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC OF CINCINNATI, A National School of Music and Elocution. Twenty-seventh Academic Year Opens Sept. 7, 1904. Modern Dormitory for Lady Students. New Catalog will be mailed FREE upon application. Address, THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC OF CINCINNATI, Elm Street, opp. Washington Park, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

## M.I.S.T. No. 2

GREATEST NERVE TONIC. The most powerful INVIGORANT ever produced. Permanently restores mental and physical strength to those weakened by early indiscretions, imparts Youthful Vigor, Restores Vitality, Strengthens and Invigorates the Brain and Nerves, a Positive cure for all forms of Nervous Debility, prompt, safe and sure. Also an infallible cure for Old and Chronic cases of Rheumatism, Gout, Inflammation of the Bladder and bad cases of Erysipelas, Cancer, and all Blood Diseases. Absolutely Infallible—Sure Cure. PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOX.

M.I.S.T. CO. TOLEDO, O. For Sale by H. F. VORTKAMP, Main and North Sts.

## FAUROT OPERA HOUSE,

Friday, August 26th.

That's the Show, the Greater Minstrels.

Al. G. Field 60 People on the Stage.

OLDEST...BIGGEST...BEST The Show You Know.

Prices 25, 50, 75c and \$1.00. Seat sale opens Thursday 3 a. m.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE KING AND QUEEN, THE HIGH DIVING HORSES AT McBETH PARK, TWICE DAILY, BEGINNING SUNDAY, AUG. 28TH.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Judge Theodore Brentano today issued an injunction restraining the city of Chicago from interfering with the lodging of non-union employees in the packing houses at the stock yards.